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Half Of Britain's Population Made To Quit Homes

But Nation Prepares To Face Total War

Brendan Bracken Reveals Colossal Figures Of War Production In Commons Speech

LONDON, November 28.

"There is hardly a home in Britain not churned up by the war. There has been something like more than 22½ million civilian removals since the war began. This happened to a people who of all the people in the world are great lovers of their homes", said The Minister of Information Mr. Brendan Bracken discussing the White Paper on British war production in the Commons today. "Up to the end of August this year over 5,500 factories had been damaged."

THEY DID NOT MULCT THE EMPIRE

Continuing Mr. Brendan Bracken said:

"One tremendous factor stood out clearly—the total war effort of the population of Great Britain was greater than that of any other belligerent country.

"We have not attempted to mulct the British Empire. Canada was the only Empire country from which we received reverse Lend-Lease. With all other Dominions we made financial arrangements much less favourable to ourselves than has the United States. For instance the United States received lot of goods and services scotfree from Australia. We get similar goods and services but we pay for them. Every thing we got from the colonies we paid for. Consequently we owe them tremendous sums. Many of them sent goods to the United States as part of the Reverse Lend-Lease and even for this we pay.

PUT AMERICA ON WAR BASIS.

When the war started we had large gold reserves in the United States. These have all been bought over and the money spent in building up American munitions and industries. This expenditure helped America to come into the war with industries already on almost wartime footing. We are glad to have rendered this service to the United States as a small return for the tremendous generosity to us.

Finally we gave up our export business.

"We sacrificed most of our Victorian inheritance. Taxation had reduced the number of people with incomes above £5,000 to a handful.

Army Won't Be Starved Of Shells

Mr. Churchill answering a question about shell production told the Commons to-day that provided factory workers maintained the present output there was no reason to suppose British armies will be short of necessary ammunition to fight the battles. There were very considerable reserves.

Mr. Churchill added in reply to another question the expenditure of shells in Burma was not on the scale of the great bombardments in Western Europe. Transport rather than quantities of ammunition was the governing factor in South-east Asia.

From European To Far East War

Mr. Churchill answering a question in the Commons to-day said plans for the reconstruction of the Army after the war were under active consideration in the War Office and these included such matters as terms of service and importance of attracting men to enlist for regular engagement. The question of National Service as the foundation of Britain's military system was also being examined. Mr. Churchill indicated that the changeover from war to peacetime Army would not be so violent as after the last war "because there is another war which will open with greater vigour at the other end of the world when this present one finishes".

One Briton Killed At Home For Three Dying On Field

From Reuter's Political Correspondent:

In five years of war Britain's 45 million people produced more than 100,000 planes, nearly 6,000 naval vessels and 3,750,000 deadweight tons of merchant shipping, and raised a force of 4,500,000 fighting men.

The devastation caused by the German air attack is shown by the fact that out of every three houses throughout Britain one has been damaged. For every three Britons killed on the battle fronts from Singapore to Siegfried Line one died on the home front.

Seven million men went to the industry, seven million women to the industry, the services and civil defence. A Home Guard of 1,750,000 men stood behind the fighting services. Britain increased her home-grown food production from under 13 to over 19 million acres. Britain produced nearly four million machine-guns, 8,000 million rounds of small ammunition, 35,000 artillery and anti-aircraft guns.

TOLL OF TOTAL WAR

Here are the figures showing the casualties suffered so far:—

Armed Forces 176,000 killed alone. Civilians, more than 57,000 killed by bombing. Over 4½ million houses were destroyed or damaged out of the total of 13 million in the country. At sea over 11½ million tons of shipping were lost.

FINANCIAL LOSSES

Exports dropped almost 70 per cent. Overseas assets valued at 1,065 million sterling were sold, while new overseas liabilities were incurred totalling 2,300 million sterling.

Man-power was raised from 18½ million at the outbreak of war to 22 millions.—Reuter.

BR.-INVENTED NEW BOMB-SIGHT

NEW YORK, Nov. 28: Flying above Italy in Allied bomber equipped with R. A. F.'s "Gen Box"—secret British-invented bomb-sight which enabled the bomb-aimer to "see" through clouds—a "New York Times" correspondent reported today: "We were able to make out the cloud-hidden coastline of Italy as if looking at a map. It became visible on the glass. The operator could cut down the area shown and thus increase the detail as we neared the target."

No Place For Eire On Peace Conference

LONDON, Nov. 28: Asked in the Commons today for an assurance that Mr. De Valera, Prime Minister of Eire, would have no representation at any Peace Conference, which may be held or discussions regarding terms or armistice, Mr. Emrys Evans, Under-Secretary for the Dominions, replied: 'It has already been made clear that so far as the Government of the United Kingdom are concerned they see no reason why any Government which has not made a positive contribution as a Government to the United Nations' war effort should be represented at the Peace Conference. The same would, of course, apply to any armistice discussions."—Reuter.

Underground Explosions Havoc

BURTON-ON-TRENT, Nov. 28: Unofficial estimates of the deathroll in the two vast underground explosions at the R. A. F. maintenance depot near here vary from 100 to about 250. The Burton Police officer said that it was still impossible to give any figures of the dead. "We have been working all night trying to compile lists, but scores of people have simply disappeared, and until we can check up on them, we are unable to say whether or not they have been blown to bits or are still alive. The whole area surrounding the dump is a desert. The nearest villages are still in existence but have been badly damaged by the blast.—Reuter.

Patton's Men Advance

Americans Make Three-Mile Gain North-East Of St. Avold

LONDON, Nov. 28: Following are the latest reports from Reuter's special correspondents: U. S. THIRD ARMY: Gen. Patton's infantry advanced four miles north-westwards on a six-mile front and now hold a line along the German frontier at Villing south-west of Saarautern.

Americans made gains three miles north-east of Saint Avold to Hombourgaut highway 11 miles south-west of Saarbrucken. Cavalry two and a half miles north of Saint Avold cut the Saarlautern main road.

Inside Germany, Germans are counter-attacking on a small scale at Tettingen.

BRITISH SECOND ARMY: The number of German pockets remaining west of Venlo in addition to the Venlo perimeter have been reduced to three, by the capture of the village of Grubbenvorst, four miles north of Venlo. Forty Germans in the castle at Geistern continue to hold out.

THREE MILES FROM DUREN

U. S. FIRST ARMY: American troops are fighting in the streets of Jungersdorf on the eastern edge of Hurtben forest, at a point a little more than three miles from Duren. Other troops pushing out 15 miles north-east of Aachen are fighting in the streets of Inden, which is on the Inde River and only 3,000 yards from River Roer. Street fighting is thus going on simultaneously in five German villages on Gen. Hodge's front. The other three are, Hurtgen, Langerwehe and Graushau.

U. S. NINTH ARMY: Gen. Simpson's troops have almost reached Roer River souh of Julich after the capture of Kirchberg. Allied armour is to-day south and south-east of Barmen (not to be confused with the German industrial of Barmen in the Ruhr). Merzenhausen about a mile to the south of Barmen is cleared. The German counter-attack south of Flossdrog a little over a mile northwest of Barmen was beaten off. Fighting is still going on in Koslar south of Merzenhausen.

EISENHOWER'S COMMUNIQUE

S.H.A.E.F., (Paris) Nov. 28: Gen. Eisenhower's 'communique' to-day states: Fighter-bombers damaged railway bridge crossing Roer south of Julich. Heavy bombers, escorted by fighters, attacked railway-yards in the Kalk district of Cologne.

West of Strasbourg our units cleared Mutzig and continued their drive eastward through Molsheim on the Alsace Plain.

LIGHT BOMBERS RAID BERLIN

The rail bridge over the Rhine at Breisach, a pontoon bridge in the same area and the rail centre of Freiburg were bombed by fighter-bombers. Two of our aircraft are missing.

Last night heavy bombers were over Germany in great strength with Freiburg and Neuss railway centres and advanced supply bases for the enemy's western front as the main objectives. Berlin was attacked by a force of light bombers.—Reuter.

RALLY ROUND TRICOLOUR

Bengal Congress Workers' Conference Call

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

The Conference of Congress workers in the province concluded to-day at the Howrah Town Hall. Mrs. Labanya Prabha Dutta presided and about 200 delegates from different districts of Bengal participated.

The Conference adopted a resolution asking Congressmen "not to associate themselves with any communal organisations, communist, royist, or other organisations, which are anti-National and anti-Congress in their activities."

The conference appealed to all persons, who believed in the ideal and creed of the Congress, to rally round its banner.

A Provisional Executive Committee, with Mrs. Labanya Prabha Dutta as president and Mr. Pramatha Nath Guha, as secretary, was formed with representatives from all districts in Bengal to take all steps to organise branch committees and to draft a constitution for them to give effect to the constructive programme laid down by Mahatma Gandhi.—A. P.

CALCUTTA'S APPEAL TO MAHATMA

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

A resolution reiterating full confidence in the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi and requesting him not to undertake a fast in the present condition of his health, was passed by the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee. Mrs. Labanyaprava Dutt, presided. 200 Congress workers attended the conference.

Another resolution called upon Congress workers of Bengal to concentrate their entire efforts on the constructive programme of the Congress. The resolution emphasised that special attention should be devoted to the instructions laid down

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Bihar Assembly Speaker Dead

PATNA, Nov. 28: A telephonic message from Muzaffarpore says that Mr. Ramdayalu Singh, Speaker of the Bihar Legislative Assembly passed away this morning at the age of 65 due to a sudden attack of paralysis at his residence at Muzaffarpore.—United Press.

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by Mahatma Gandhi for work among Kisans, labourers and students and to the urgency of taking vigorous measures for the rehabilitation and reconstruction of devastated life of rural Bengal.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, and Mr R. K. Sidhwa, a Congress leader of Sind, attended the conference by special invitation.

Mr. Master urged the Congress workers of Bengal to carry out the constructive programme and devote their energies to the battle for freedom.

Mr. Sidhwa appealed to the people of Bengal to regain their prestige and position which they had attained in the past in the fight for freedom.—A. P.

"C. R.", Ranga And Gadgil Confer With Gandhiji

WARDHA, Nov. 28.

Prof. Ranga M.L.A. (central) who arrived here last night had talks with Mahatma Gandhi on the general political situation. It is understood that he also discussed with Mahatma Gandhi the question of strengthening and developing the peasants movement under Congress leadership.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari arrived here to-day from Nagpur. He had conversations with Mahatma Gandhi in the afternoon.

Mr. N V. Gadgil president of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee appraised Mahatma Gandhi yesterday of reports made by various sub-committees regarding Congress constructive work.

Mr. Gadgil, it is understood, discussed the communal problem with Dr. Syed Mahmud.—A. P.

Sastri's Plea For Arbitration

MADRAS, Nov. 28: In a special article in the "Indian Express", the Rt. Hon'ble V. S. Srinivasa Sastri asks Government to constitute a Board of Arbitration and invite all parties in the country to plead their cases before it to solve India's political problem.—A. P.

Tram Strike In Brussels

Demonstrations Against "Red-Handed" Premier

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28: Brussels tram drivers and conductresses marched through the city streets today in a demonstration against the Government. The march followed an order from the city's Transport Union to strike at 11 o'clock today. The marchers went to Place De La Bourse shouting "bread and coal" and "down with Red-handed Pierlot" (the Belgian Premier).

The strike was not general but left-wing political groups and resistance movements are making every effort to see it extended throughout the country.

On Burma Front

BATTLE FOR PALETWA

KANDY, Nov. 28: To-day's S. E. A. C. 'communique' said:

"CHINDWIN FRONT: East African troops with tank support reached a village five miles from Kalewa in their advance to the Chindwin from the west. Operations are in progress to clear the enemy positions.

ARAKAN: West Africans pushing southwards in Pi Chaung Valley dispersed in group seven miles northwest of Kaladan village.

NORTHERN BURMA: There were minor skirmishes in the Bhamo area yesterday with slight gains in the northern sector."

PUNJAB MAIL DERAILMENT

Charge Against Railway Authorities

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

Criticising the relief measures extended by the Railway authorities to the victims of the Punjab Mail derailment near Arrah on November 22, Mr. Mulchand M. Shah, Personal Assistant to the Mayor of Karachi who was one of the passengers of the train in a statement says:

"While I have every admiration for the prompt help rendered by the military, I felt that the relief given by the railway authorities left much to be desired. After about two hours of the accident, a light, cold and useless tea was given from the restaurant car to some of the passengers, while the rest were told that they would be supplied with tea later when the relief train would arrive on the spot. But actually when the relief train arrived on the scene at about 9 a.m., the bearers of the railway caterer served tea and toast to the military personnel and none else. Even Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, M. L. A. and ex-Mayor of Karachi, who was injured, did not get any tea until he reached Dinapur at about 11 a.m. I myself did not get even a cup of water until 1 p.m., when I arrived at Arrah, 12 hours after the accident.

As regards non-official relief measures, Mr. Shah says that the people of Arrah were ready to hasten relief to the victims no sooner had the information reached them early in the morning. But to their great disappointment, the authorities did not allow them to do so, stating that "necessary arrangements have already been made, and no further relief is necessary."

Mr. Shah also says that the railway authorities delayed the salvage operations. "When Mr. Khemchand was missing", he continued "we made several entreaties to them to help us to find out Mr. Khemchand from our compartment, but nothing was done until Mr. Hosy, District Magistrate of Arrah and the D. I. G. arrived. They deputed a sergeant to help me and the body and his luggage were taken out from the debris at 12-30 p.m., about 12 hours after the accident."

Concluding he says "I now leave it to the public to judge for themselves how far the so-called relief given by the railway authorities to the unfortunate victims of the terrible accident was really beneficial. Had it not been for the timely help of the military personnel, the fatality would have been unimaginable."—A. P.

Central Assembly Budget Session

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28.

The Budget Session of the Central Assembly is expected to commence here on February 12. The Session which was originally expected to commence on the 6th is being postponed for a week on account of the Food Conference being postponed, the meeting of which will now be held early in February, probably on 2nd or 3rd.

The meeting of the Select Committee on the Income Tax Bill is expected to begin here from January 8.

Move For Oriental Institute In Britain

LONDON, Nov. 28: With a view to organising an Oriental Institute in Great Britain Mr. Mohamed Aly Khan, Editor of the "Oriental Post" is holding a reception of Indians, Ceylonese, Egyptians, Arabs and Chinese residents in London in the middle of December.

Mr. Khan told Reuter that the object of the Institute would be to propagate Oriental culture, religion and philosophy. It would be a non-political organisation.—Reuter.

GR. RESISTANCE FORCES DISSOLVED

ATHENS, Nov. 28: All Greek resistance forces have been dissolved under an official decree. This decision was taken in full agreement with all parties represented in the National Government.

Russia's Claim To Curzon Line Conceded?

FUTURE OF POLAND AND STALIN'S GUARANTEE: "TIMES" ON SOVIET PRESTIGE IN EUROPE

LONDON, November 28.

"Since the Polish Premier, M. Mikolajvyk resigned three days ago", writes the Political Correspondent of the United Press of India, "it can be stated now with some authority that Mr. Churchill in his recent talks with Marshal Stalin in Moscow had virtually agreed to Russia's claim to the Curzon Line.

Stalin on his part undertook a guarantee to the future of Poland, its sovereignty and national independence. It is also stated in responsible circles that the American President is in general agreement with Mr. Stalin and Mr. Churchill on the question of Poland.

"M. Mikolajvyzk has apparently accepted this solution when he was in Moscow. He returned to London in the hope that he would be able to get the consent of the two rival sections amongst the Poles in London. But apparently an anti-Soviet feeling among London Poles proved too strong for him and therefore he was compelled to resign.

"Out of all these chaos and conflict of the Polish situation one thing emerges namely, the more responsible Polish public opinion realises that the future destiny of Poland depends on a firm and close alliance and partnership with Russia, rather than on Poland's alliance with the Western powers such as Britain and France." United Press.

Soviet's Immense Prestige

LONDON, Nov. 28.

Writing on the Polish question today's "Times" in an editorial observes:—"The Polish action—or rather reaction—in London during the past two years appears to have been inspired by a fatal belief among certain sections of the Poles that the postponement of a settlement with Russia would mean more favourable terms for Poland. A belief so paradoxical and contrary both to all evidence and to all probabilities could be explained only on one assumption; those who entertained it hoped to be able to secure the aid of the Western Powers and to play off those powers against Russia.

The "Times" incidentally also underlines the immense importance and prestige of Soviet Russia in a new world. It is truism to say that Great Britain dare not meddle in Middle Europe against the wishes and policies of the Union of Soviet Socialist and Republics.

"Having regard to the growing strength of the left movements in France, Belgium and Holland one can go further and confidently prophesy that what is happening in Middle Europe to-day will repeat itself with a greater force in the interest of Europe in the very near future.

"Hitler wanted to oust the British influence from Europe in the process of war and struggle himself being ousted. Russia on the other hand who never expressed such a desire is probably the only power which is likely to achieve this objective."—United Press.

LUBLIN TERMS FOR POLISH UNITY

MOSCOW, Nov. 28: M. Morawsky, Chairman of the Lublin Polish Committee, speaking at the first Co-operative Conference in Poland said: "Mikolajcayk and Kwapinski are only a screen behind which the enemies of Poland are hiding. Let gentlemen torn away from Poland busy themselves with the division of portfolios. The Polish people are not in the least interested who has taken the upper hand in the ranks of emigration. The Polish people are roused by only one task, to drive out the Germans and build a new Poland. The question is often asked whether he will unite with Mikolajcayk. We reply: Unification is possible but only on our platform".—Reuter.

Socialist Leader To Form Govt.

LONDON, Nov. 28: It is expected that Jan Kwapinski, Socialist leader and Deputy Premier in the last Polish Cabinet will announce the composition of his Government today.

It is understood that the Peasant Party of Mikolajcayk will also be represented in the Cabinet but that seats will be reserved for them in case they change their minds.—Reuter.

RED ARMY AT "CROSSROADS" OF ITS OFFENSIVE

"German Troops In Carpathians Face Grim Future With Small Chance Of Escape"

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent)

MOSCOW, Nov. 28.

The Red Army is now rapidly approaching the "Crossroads" of its offensive through eastern Czechoslovakia. Events of the next 48 hours should show whether General Petrov's forces are operating on a plan aimed principally at clearing the Germans from the interior of Czechoslovakia or whether the operation now developing towards the Carpathian Passes is part of a more far-reaching scheme directed at the German flank in Southern Poland.

The development of Soviet push north-westwards towards the Dukla Pass would seem to indicate the latter. After heavy battles on the other side of this mountain gap during early autumn, it now looks as though General Petrov has uncovered a weak spot in the German defence.

Latest reports from the front speak of "pursuit" of Germans and it appears only exceptionally wet weather is preventing the arrowlike Soviet advance deep into the interior of the country where guerilla warfare is flaring up.

These partisan activities are likely to cost many isolated German garrisons their lives before the main front catches up with them.

The Germans fighting in the Carpathians face grim future with small chance of escape. To the Russians, these Carpathian passes may prove a gateway for a drive to unhinge the German line protecting the most vital industrial areas of Poland and approaches to the Reich itself.

From the point where the fighting is now raging in Czechoslovakia to Cracow is less than 90 miles.—Reuter.

NAZIS WITHDRAW

LONDON, Nov. 28: The German Overseas News Agency to-day said: "Marshal Malinovsky plans to push north along the west bank of the Danube to attack the German defence positions at Budapest from the flank and rear. Considerable Russian forces have already gone over to the attack to eliminate the German barrier. While German troops were able to prevent a Russian break-through, they had to withdraw several miles to new defence positions."—Reuter.

ALLIES RAID RHODES

CAIRO, Nov. 28: A Middle East communique today said: "Middle East bombers operating from Eastern Mediterranean bases attacked port installations at Mandraechio harbour, Rhodes, yesterday. Bursts were seen on the jetty and anti-aircraft posts were attacked.—Reuter.

PEARSON IS NO EXCEPTION TO GENERAL CENSORSHIP

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28.

A Press Note says:—

"Government's attention has been called to a message to the "Hindustan Times" from a correspondent in London, dated November 27, regarding the Government of India's attitude towards an American columnist, Mr. Drew Pearson. The message refers to an alleged conference to decide what line Government should adopt against Mr. Pearson's attack on British policy in India. It also states that the Government of India, having failed to influence the American administration, were considering an order requiring pre-censorship of all Mr. Pearson's articles before publication in the Indian press.

No such conference was held. No approach was made to the American administration, and no pre-censorship of Mr. Pearson's articles is under consideration as suggested. Messages from Mr. Pearson or quoting his articles are dealt with in exactly the same way as any other messages from outside sources."—A. P.

Bhatnagar Declines Dublin Invitation

LONDON, Nov. 28: Sir Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar, leader of the Indian Scientific Mission, has received a special invitation from the Chancellor of the National University, Dublin and the Government of Eire to visit Dublin as guest of the Dublin National University and the Eire Government to lecture on the Indian reconstruction plan. Sir S. Bhatnagar welcomed the invitation but regretted that owing to the impending visit of the Indian Science Delegation to the United States, he was unable to accept the invitation.

The Delegation will be leaving for the United States next week.—Reuter.

Savarkar Reveals Govt.'s Mind!

"No Big Constitutional Change Even In Case Of Gandhi-Jinnah Agreement

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28.

No big constitutional change is likely till the end of the war according to Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President, All-India Hindu Mahasabha, who met press correspondents this evening and answered their questions. Mr. Savarkar gave it as his impression that the Government favoured the maintenance of full central control as long as the war lasted, and not even an agreement between Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah would bring about any change in that attitude.

Answering the question what was the Mahasabha's attitude to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's Conciliation Committee, Mr. Savarkar declared that nothing could come out of that committee. "It can evolve no effective force," he remarked. "We have made attempts before to have a communal agreement. The utmost that can be done by this committee is to produce something like the Nehru scheme, over which trouble, time and money were spent. The difficulties are greater now than at that time. Parties are diametrically opposed. There can be no compromise between Akhand Hindustan and Pakistan."

Asked if he would co-operate with the Committee's work, Mr. Savarkar said: "I shall co-operate with anybody and everybody". That co-operation, he added, would be conditional, just as the co-operation of anyone else would be. —A. P.

SENTENCE REDUCED IN APPEAL.

LAHORE, Nov. 28: The sentence of one year's R. I. of Mr. Prithvi Chand Nayar, well-known Punjab Congressman and Secretary of the All-India Spinners' Association (Punjab Branch) was reduced by Mr. Justice G. D. Khosla of the Lahore High Court to that already undergone. The appellant was convicted by a magistrate under Sec. 3 (3) of the Restriction and Detention Ordinance, 1944, and sentenced to two years' R. I, which was reduced to one year by the Sessions Judge, Jullundur.—A. P.

NEW HALIFAX FALLACY

CHICAGO, Nov. 28: The British Ambassador to the U. S. Lord Halifax told the annual Convention of Investment Bankers here tonight that the British Empire was not a money-making racket. "I hear Americans speak of the British Empire as if it were some huge racket based on naked force living by exploitation and existing only to bring money into Britain that Britain has no moral right to touch. That picture lives regardless of the fact that from no part of the British Commonwealth or Empire does the British Treasury draw a fraction of a cent's profit," he said.—Reuter.

A.-I. W. C. RESOLUTIONS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 28: The Standing Committee of the All-India Women's Conference at its meeting today passed a resolution deeply regretting the "unfortunate breakdown" of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks and fully endorsed the joint appeal of the two leaders that there should be no bitterness in the country.

By a second resolution the committee recommended to the All-India Education Fund to establish a permanent centre for the training of rural workers and to evolve a scheme for this purpose in collaboration with the Kasturba Memorial Committee.

The meeting passed a resolution on communal unity, supported the underlying principles of the draft Hindu Code and made recommendations with regard to its detailed provisions.

The Standing Committee elected Shrimati Kamaladevi, Mrs. Rustom Faridoonji and Mrs. Kale as representatives to the National Council of Women's Standing Committee which is to meet in Nagpur from December 1 to 4. The next annual session of the All-India Women's Conference is to be held in December, 1945. The Committee decided to hold the next meeting of the Standing Committee in Malabar during Easter Week.

The Committee will meet again tomorrow.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

BIG NAZI WITHDRAWAL

LONDON, Nov. 28: The German Overseas News Agency military commentator and German High Command spokesman reported a big German withdrawal north of Strasbourg. He said Germans facing General Patch's left wing were pulling back from the line about 20 miles north of Strasbourg towards the border of Palatinate—more than 20 miles further north.—Reuter.

SPECIAL POWERS FOR PIERLOT

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28: The Chamber of Deputies have approved special powers for the Pierlot administration by 116 votes to 12. Only six Deputies abstained from voting.—Reuter.

KING RECEIVES INDIAN SCIENTISTS

LONDON, Nov. 28: The King at Buckingham Palace to-day received in audience the seven Indian scientists who are visiting this country. They were introduced to him by Sir Henry Dale, President of the Royal Society.—Reuter.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH).

New York, Nov. 28.

Previous Closing	21.73
To-day's Opening	21.76
Difference	+03
To-day's Closing	21.82
Difference	+09

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

New York, Nov. 28.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors dol. 61-1/4.

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.

United States Steel Common dol. 56-7/8.

United States Steel Preference unquoted.

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AAA.788

Muslims Win Pentangular

Exciting Finish: Ibrahim's Great Contribution To Victory

(By Our Cricket Critic)

One of the most remarkable and exciting finishes in the history of the Bombay's Cricket Carnival was witnessed at the Brabourne Stadium on the fourth day of the final on Tuesday. In a supernuman effort K. C. Ibrahim, batting from the beginning of the innings to the end, carried the Muslim side to victory—an achievement which appeared almost an impossible task against the formidable attack of the Hindus. He scored an unbeaten 138 in a total of 298 for 9 wickets.

HOW FORTUNES SWAYED

The fortunes of the game swayed from one side to the other till the last stroke for the winning run was made by Ibrahim. At one stage when the Muslims lost their seventh wicket in Saeed Ahmed at 164, it seemed that the Hindus had the success well within their grip. Actually they might have carried the day, had not Adhikari dropped Ibrahim and Abdul Hafeez when the Muslim total had not touched even the double century mark. These mistakes turned out to be the turning point of the contest.

SPLENDID CONTRIBUTION BY HAFEEZ

Then the scale turned to other side. Despite all the tricks which the Hindu bowlers, especially C. S. Nayudu and C. T. Sarwate could employ, the score mounted up steadily towards 250, with Ibrahim and Hafeez batting quite confidently. Overenthusiasm on the part of the latter to snatch a third run not only cost him his wicket but put his team in jeopardy. Nevertheless it was a valiant effort on his part to help his partner to raise the total from 164 to 247, himself contributing 35.

A DAMP SQUIB FOR MUSLIMS

The hopes of the Hindus rose high again with the arrival of Amir Elahi. They tried their utmost to get him out any how. But Amir played his part well too, and did not allow the bowlers to get the better of him till their score was just 3 runs behind the Hindu total. A magnificent catch by Nayudu at fine leg brought about his downfall. It acted however as a damp squib to the enthusiasm of the Muslims.

HINDU STRATEGY FAILS

Excitement touched its highest point when Balooch, the last man, came in. The Hindu team surrounded him closely so as to prevent him from taking any run. It stands however to his immense credit that he remained undaunted by the barricade put round him. He earned the distinction of scoring the equalising 3 and helping Ibrahim to make the winning single.

IBRAHIM'S UNIQUE FEAT

Thus the greatest credit for the Muslim victory goes to Ibrahim who beginning their innings with the first ball and playing through heavy odds and unexpected setbacks for a period of 348 minutes—their entire batting period—made the last stroke to win the match and the Championship. His unbeaten 138 which included only 10 fours was a masterly innings even though it was marred by a chance or two. I do not remember any other batsman who has performed this wonderful feat in this Tournament. Therefore no praise can be too high for him for this unique achievement. This is by the way the third Muslim victory in the Pentangular.

CAUSE OF HINDU FAILURE

The Hindus have to thank themselves for their unexpected defeat. Owing to their repeated successes in this competition during the last few years, they were too cocksure about their success in the last tussle—more so in view of the fact that the Muslims have not produced any great batsman or bowler in recent years. On the other hand there was a star-studded team—players with Test reputations. But barring Kishenchand, all of them failed miserably. Even Vijay Merchant, India's No. 1 batsman could not rise up to the high expectations held of him. Undoubtedly his personal failure contributed to the failure of the Hindu team. This is hardly creditable to the great Hindu players who are members of the All-India Team. Want of sufficient practice was the cause of their undoing. Had their star batsmen done their job properly, their score would never have been so poor as it was in the first innings. In fact, it would have been high enough to force the Muslims to a follow on. The credit to the Muslims is all the great as they played without Nazar Mahomed, one of their best bats. Shabash Mushtaq for your gallant effort after the injury!

Details Of Game

Ibrahim and Maka, the over-night not-outs faced Bannerjee and C. S. Nayudu on the resumption of the game on Tuesday. Ibrahim collected three singles in the first two overs, and reaches his first decade.

Maka was shaky from the very start, and was dismissed by C. S. Nayudu who smashed his off-stick with a googly before he could break his duck. (19—2—0).

Gul Mohmed joined Ibrahim and with a double off Sarwate sent up the Muslim second decade on board. Thirty went up after 15 minutes with Gul Mohmed stealing a single, off C. S. Nayudu. Fifty appeared after 65 minutes of the game, which included Ibrahim's 32. Three more decades (60, 70 and 80) followed at regular intervals.

Bannerjee was brought back in Sarwate's place and Gul Mohmed had a life, off Sarwate, Sohoni on the square-leg failing to reach a skied ball in time.

In the last over before lunch, Ibrahim drove C. S. Nayudu on the square-leg for four and reached his 50 in a game of 140 minutes. When the game closed for lunch, the Muslims score stood at 199, the unbeaten partnership between Ibrahim and Gul Mohmed having so far realised 80.

SETBACK AFTER LUNCH

The Muslims had a sensational set-back after lunch when they lost three wickets within half an hour for a paltry addition of 14 runs. The trouble started when Gul Mohmed was caught by Mantry who was fielding in Sohoni's place at the square-leg off Bannerji when the Muslim total stood at 102. (102-3-42). The outgoing batsman had contributed 82 in partnership with Ibrahim.

Gazali joined Ibrahim and was l.b.w. to Bannerji when the score had hardly advanced by 10 runs. (112-4-3). The debacle still continued Inayat Khan being the third victim of that memorable half hour during which the Hindu bowlers were in their most deadly form. Inayat touched his bat to a tricky ball off Nayudu and was caught in the slips by Merchant. (113-5-0).

It remained for Mushtaq to draw the game out of the fire. The Muslim skipper who was reported to be ailing was not expected to come out. His sudden appearance at this critical stage of the game was therefore a surprise to many and a satisfaction to the Muslims. In no way unnerved by what had happened during the preceding thirty minutes he lashed the bowlers in all directions in his usual brilliant style, and for a short while that he was at the wickets gave an exhilarating display of his superb foot-work and delightful strokes. As a result of his rapid scoring the total bounded to 160 in no time. By the time Sarwate cleanbowled him with a leg-break he had already carried the total to 162, his own contribution being 36. (162-6-36).

Saeed Ahmed who followed put his leg before the wicket and had to return to the pavilion with a duck, the umpire upholding Sarwate's appeal. (164-7-0).

With seven wickets down and still 134 runs to go it seemed temporarily that all was now over with the Muslims, and that Hindu victory was near.

With the coming in of Abdul Hafeez the game again changed its complexion and the Muslim prospects became more and more rosy. He entered into a bright partnership with Ibrahim, and when he departed 25 minutes after tea he had already paved the way for Muslim victory.

Ibrahim heralded the arrival of his new partner with a four off C. S. Nayudu and brought 170 on board his own contribution so far being 70. Hafeez then had two fours one on the square-leg off Sarwate and another a snick in the gully off C. S. Nayudu which brought him to his first decade and the score to 180. A stroke of three by Ibrahim off C. S. at the point raised the total to 190. A little later Ibrahim pushed the total to 200 in a game of 257 minutes himself being still at 88. In the last over before tea he stole the requisite two to reach his 90.

PLAY AFTER TEA

With 95 runs to make in the remaining 105 minutes and three wickets in hand Ibrahim and Hafeez came out after tea to resume the game before an expectant crowd.

Bannerji operated the new ball which was brought in at 203 and Ibrahim facing him took a single off his first delivery. Hafeez replied with another single. With a brace by Ibrahim off the same bowler in his last delivery the Muslim deficit dwindled down to 91.

Phadkar came from the opposite end and Hafeez driving him to mid off for two 210 went up the board. Then Ibrahim snicked Bannerji in the gully for three and reached his 97. Thereafter driving Bannerji in the country for three he completed his century after a patient game of 285 minutes. This simultaneously brought the score to 220. Hafeez who faced Bannerji up his partner's success by a powerful off-boundary which brought him to his 30. 25 minutes of game after tea brought 230 on board which showed a rate of a run per minute. After nearly 13 minutes of patient and restrained game Ibrahim raised his shoulders and drove Nayudu to a straight four the board now showing 240. With an addition of three there remained 55 runs with still one hour in hand.

But a great misfortune befell the Muslims at this critical stage of the game. Hafeez was run out. It so happened that Ibrahim pulled C. S. on the square-leg the batsmen took two runs, but while taking the third Hafeez hesitated a little. In the meanwhile Rangnekar was sharp enough for an accurate throw and Hindlekar did the rest. (247-8-35).

Amir Elahi joined and hit Nayudu straight in the cover, the ball going right to the boundary. 250 appeared amidst thunderous applause.

The game was now at an interesting and exciting stage, and strokes after strokes followed. 270 appeared at 5-35 p.m. The chances of Muslim victory were now in sight, and every stroke was applauded by the crowd. Within five minutes 280 went up, this time mainly the work of Amir Elahi who had now reached his 20. Then Amir hit Nayudu for two successive fours, once in the off and again on the square-leg bringing the total to 292. A single by Ibrahim in the same over brought the total to 293.

More excitement was now added to the game when with only five runs to go Amir Elahi was caught in the slips by C. S. Nayudu off Sarwate. (294-9-30).

Balooch the last man stepped in, and pulled Sarwate on the leg side for three amid wild cries of "equal up." Ibrahim then taking a single finished off the whole job, the Muslims winning the Tournament by one wicket and one run. The most astonishing and praiseworthy part of the whole thing was that the man who had opened the game for the Muslims a little before 6 p.m. on Monday had survived the whole day and was fortunate to hit the winning stroke at almost the same hour on Tuesday. The match concluded about 20 minutes before the scheduled time, Ibrahim and Balooch remaining unbeaten with 137 and 3 to their credit respectively.

HINDUS	(1st Innings)	203
MUSLIMS	(1st Innings)	221
HINDUS	(2nd Innings)	315
MUSLIMS	(2nd Innings)	
Anwar Husein	c Hindlekar b Nayudu	4
K. C. Ibrahim	(not out)	137
E. S. Maka	b C. S. Nayudu ..	0
Gul Mahomed	c Mantri b Bannerji	42
M. Gazali	l.b.w. b Bannerji ..	3
Inayat Khan	c Merchant b C. S. Nayudu	0
Mushtaq Ali	b Sarwate	36
Saeed Ahmed	l.b.w. b Sarwate	0
Abdul Hafeez	(run out)	35
Amir Elahi	c Nayudu b Sarwate	30
Balooch	(not out)	3
	Extras	8
	Total (for 9 wkts.)	298

Fall of wickets: 1/12; 2/19; 3/102; 4/112; 5/113; 6/162; 7/164; 8/247; 9/294.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W
Bannerji	19	2	50	2
Phadkar	6	1	19	0
C. S. Nayudu	45	1	134	3
Sarwate	29	4	72	3
Vinoo Mankad	2	0	5	0
V. Merchant	2	0	10	0

Services Team For Festival Match

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

The Services' XI against the Cricket Club of India in the Festival Match in aid of the Indian Red Cross to be played at the Brabourne Stadium on December 1, 2, 3 and 4 will be selected from the following sixteen players:—

Lt.-Col. C. K. Nayudu (Capt.), Lt. Mushtaq Ali, Lt. H. R. Adhikari, J. Hardstaff, D. Compton, H. J. Butler, P. F. Judge, Maj. P. Cranmer, Maj. N. S. Hotchkins, Lt. J. R. Thomson, F/O. R. T. Simpson, P. Corrall, F. G. I. Cray, D. A. Davies, M. Robinson and D. Dobree-Carey.

Id Function At Taj

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Prominent Muslim and Hindu citizens attended a pleasant Id function arranged at the Taj this evening by the Punjab Muslim Association. The guests who were entertained to tea and music included the Consul for Iran, Sir Rahimtulla Chinoy, Raj Saheb Kedarnath, Principal A. A. A. Fyzee, Mr. Dawood Haji Nasir, Mr. A. N. Faruqi, Miyan S. Mohamed Din, Mr. Zafar Hasan, Mr. A. A. A. Shaikh, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtulla, Mr. Kaisar Ahmad, Dr. Abdul Hamid Kazi, Prof. A. M. Moulvi, Mr. M. M. Killedar, Khan Saheb Ramazan Ali, Khan Bahadur Ahmed Shuaib, Rao Saheb Nayampalli, Sardar Mubarak Singh, Rana Sher Jung, Khan Bahadur Fazlul Karim, Mr. Mohamed Sulaiman Kasim Mitha and others.

Recitations from the Quran were given by Qazi Abdul Ghani, after which a poem in praise of the Prophet by "Aziz" was sung.

Mr. Ilmuddin, President of the Association in the course of his speech said that the aim of the Association was not only to work for the common good of the Muslims whom the Association sought to bring together, but also to aim at religious redirection of members towards the great ideals of Islam.

PARIS, Nov. 28: Paris Radio says that the two assassins of M. Georges Mandel, Minister of the Interior at the time of the collapse of France, were executed early to-day.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

The case of Karanjia and Co., referred to in the Half Column last Saturday is not just a case of a business firm violating a rule or an Act and being fined for it. There are circumstances about this case which make it a matter of public importance. Inquiries made by telephone to the shop itself reveal that the proprietor is Mr. B. N. Karanjia, an ex-Mayor of Bombay. Mr. Karanjia may not be aware of the offence committed by his employee, but one has no doubt he will see that a recurrence of this sort of offence will not occur. Mr. Karanjia, besides being a man who has held high civic office in this city, is a President of the Rotary Club, a club whose principles stand for a very high standard of business methods.

* * *

In Bombay, flown here from Calcutta, is "Mayla", the genial Managing Director of the Great Eastern Hotel, Calcutta. He is, otherwise known as Mr. Ardesir Billimoria. An honest God-fearing man, Mayla has instilled even in his employees the same fervour which he himself has. It is said that his employees pray for the success of their master's horse. So if you know an Great Eastern Hotel employee, watch him pray! Mr. Billimoria denied that he had come to Bombay to buy over the Taj.

* * *

Mr. Billimoria in addition to being a first class sportsman and a keen racer, is also one of the leading bridge players of Calcutta. It is unreliably understood that Messrs Ali Currimbhoy and N. F. Naoroji are to contest the claim—the challenge to be played on the Pentangular pitch after the matches.

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Kruschen is a combination of natural mineral salts which stimulate your liver, kidneys and digestive tract to healthy, regular activity. They ensure internal cleanliness, and keep the blood-stream pure. New and refreshed blood is sent coursing to every fibre of your being. Lumbago, rheumatism, headaches and indigestion all pass you by.

Obtainable at all Stores, Chemists and Bazaars.

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ON CHRISTMAS CARDS FOR PRISONERS OF WAR

Christmas Cards and calendars may not be sent this year to prisoners of war in enemy hands. This restriction is necessary as information has been received that delivery of the ordinary private mail, which every prisoner of war is anxious to receive, is greatly delayed owing to the fact that the time of the enemy censors is largely taken up in the censoring of Christmas cards and calendars.

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Send Rs. 2 (postage 8 as. extra) by Money Order or Postal Order or by V.P.P. for Rs. 2-10 for a copy of the latest revised and enlarged 3rd edition of "Health and Vitality by Modern Methods". Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. Everything you want to know about hormones, vitamins rejuvenation, beautifying the bust contour, female disorders, etc., etc., is described in minutest detail in this handbook. Nothing like it ever published before. ASK FOR OUR FREE CIRCULAR DESCRIBING MOST OF OUR OUTSTANDING PRODUCTS AND OUR PRIVATE COURSE OF INSTRUCTIONS "HOW TO BE HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED."

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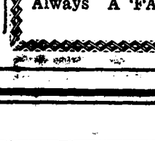

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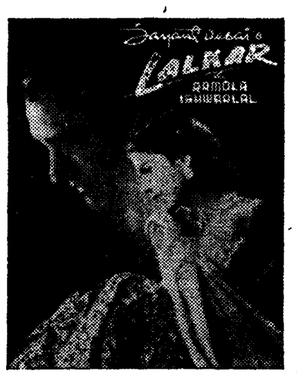

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Shud 14, 2001
Muslim: Zilhej 12, 1363
Parsi: Khordad 27, 1314
Sunrise: 7-54 a.m., Sunset 7-0 p.m.
Highside: 12-02, 24-59
Lowtide: 6-10, 18-14

Municipal Standing Committee Meeting, at 2-30 p.m. (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: A General Meeting of the Society will be held today at 6 p.m.

SOCIAL HYGIENE FILM: Free Talkie Film at 8 a.m. at 254 Bellasis Road, Opposite; Alexandra Cinema.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Meeting at Greens' today at 6-30 p.m. when Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, M.L.A., (Central) will speak on "Shape of Things to Come."

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: On "Mazdayasni Zarathushtrian Religion Is Rational and Practical" at Mazdaznan Temple Hall Opp. Churchgate Station to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m

BOMBAY ALL-MALAYALI CONFERENCE: Sri Pattom Thanu Pillay, President of the Travancore State Congress leaves Bombay for Trivandrum, at 1-30 p.m., to-day (Wednesday), by Madras Express.

WOMENS' MEETING: Under the auspices of the "Representative Committee of Hindu Women Regarding the Proposed Codification of Hindu Law," a meeting will be held today at 4-30 pm., under the presidentship of Lady Taraben Chunilal Mehta at Vithalbhai Patel Road, in Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal Hall.

A.-I. MUSIC CONGRESS.

At a general meeting of the All-India Music Congress Committee held in Nagpur, it resolved among other things the following:—(a) That the venue of the Congress would be the Durga Puja grounds, Dhantoli. (b) That the dates for holding the Congress would be from 28th December 1944 to 2nd January 1945. Representative sub-committees were elected.

DNYAN-PRASARAK MANDAL: Under the auspices of the Mandal Prof. B. B. Vyas delivered a lecture on "Present Day Gujarati Poetry" on Monday last, when Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri presided. At the outset, the President referred to the sad deaths of the well known oriental Scholars Mr. Anklesaria and Prof. Hodiwalla and eulogised their manifold literary services. The Condolence Resolutions were then passed unanimously all standing.

Central Idea Of Islamic Education

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

Nawab Sir Mehdi Yar Jung Bahadur, Education Minister of Hyderabad, delivering the Convocation Address at the Aligarh Muslim University on November 25 said, "Religion is the strong foundation of Muslims and a good basis of education in the earlier stages. In the university, what is wanted is the infusion of the spirit of Islam, rather than the teaching of small observances. The central idea of Islamic education and training is discipline."—A. P.

Post-War Building Plans For Bombay City

The Municipal Commissioner replied to various criticisms of the members of the Standing Committee regarding the budget estimates 1944-45 on Tuesday. He did not wish to take the credit for preparing the budget as presented before the Standing Committee to himself but also gave credit to the heads of the departments. He thanked the members of the Standing Committee who had supported his proposal for the additional one per cent tax on the General Tax and referred to the sum of Rs. 50 lacs for the Post-War Reconstruction Plan and said since the provincial Government had made provision for the same, the Bombay Municipality should not lag behind. In the Post-War Reconstruction Plan, provisions were made for better water supply and medical relief. The public health has not been as it should be, while the footpaths are in some parts of the city in a disgraceful state. The footpaths would require at least Rs. 12 lacs for repairs at pre-war rates for which a sum of Rs. 10 lacs was provided. The open channels were a menace to the city, and he decided to close them. This would require at least Rs. 75 lacs. The city required public conveniences which were inadequate. There were only two for women. He had made provision of Rs. 5 lacs under this head too.

The Committee will meet now to consider various items under different heads.

Child Art Exhibition

In Bombay for the duration, is Madame E. Lichtwitz-Krasso, a Viennese artist, who has been associated for several years with Prof. Cizek, the founder of the Child Art Movement in Central Europe. Madame Krasso has been conducting art classes during the past two years at the J. B. Petit High School for Girls and the lovely and interesting exhibits on display at the Child Art Exhibition which is being held at the J. B. Petit High School, Napier Road, Fort, on Thursday, the 30th instant and Friday, the 1st December from 4 to 6-30 p.m. comprises some of the work done during that period.

Scenes depicting the recent explosion in Bombay, self-portraits, family groups consisting of "Daddy and Mummy and Me", picnic-spots railway stations and bazaars each reflect that utterly fascinating Walt Disney world in which the child moves and has all to say. No one interested in the artistic education of the young and no intelligent member of the general public should miss this exhibition on any account.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 29.
BOMBAY—1
244 m (1,231 kc/s)

8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Manhar G. Barwe 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 91/ Tomorrow 9 15 Mohammad Siddiq 9-30 Instrumental Melodies 9-45 Songs (M) 12-30 p.m. Songs (G) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Break for Lunch (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Music (E) 4-20 School Broadcast (E) 5-0 Khayals 5-20 Mohammad Siddiq 5-40 Gulab Bai 5-55 Locals 6-0 Children's Half-Hour (M) 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 News Commentary (H) 6-50 Air Trio 7-0 Nae Nae Film 7-15 Gulab Bai 7-30 Songs (G) 7-45 Film 8-0 Mohammad Siddiq 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8 45 Radio Reconnaissance 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 B B C News 9-45 To Be Announced 10-0 A I R Orch. 10-15 Eknath Hatiskar and Party 10-35 Manhar G. Barwe.

8TH WEEK
MAZHAR ART PRODUCTIONS' CLASSICAL
BARI BAAT
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Sat., Sun., Holidays 1 p.m.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 & 3 to 5 p.m.
An EVERGREEN Release

Danger Of Propaganda In Convocation Address

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

"It is a sin to disturb the serene academic atmosphere of a University by the thunder and storm of political polemics", says Sir Chimanlal Setalvad in a statement on Mr. Rajagopalachari's Convocation Address at Nagpur.

"I am very surprised", says Sir Chimanlal, "that a person of Mr. Rajagopalachari's understanding should have so far forgotten himself as to use or rather misuse the privilege of delivering his Convocation Address at the Nagpur University for propaganda purposes, regarding an acute political controversy. I am not saying anything about the merits of what Mr. Rajagopalachari said. With much of what he said, many people would be in agreement, particularly his denunciation of the policy of non-co-operation and shirking of responsibility by the Congress Party. My complaint is against his outpouring declamation against the Congress and the Muslim League in a University Convocation Address".—U. P.

Editors In Indian States And A. I. N. E. C.

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

The Secretary of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, in a Press Note, says:—

At the last meeting of the Standing Committee of the A.-I.N.E.C. held at Lahore, it was decided to appoint a Sub-Committee to consider the question of admitting individual newspapers published in States to membership of the conference. Under the present constitution, individual newspapers are not eligible for admission. In considering the question, the Sub-Committee would be greatly help, if editors in States communicate their views on the question. Communications intended for the Sub-Committee should be addressed to the Secretary, All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road, Bombay, so as to reach him before the 15th December 1944.—A. P.

'Injustice' To Vernacular Journalists

NAGPUR, Nov. 27.

Journalists working on the staffs of Hindi newspapers of Nagpur have passed a resolution opposing the discrimination recommended between the salaries of English language journalists and Indian languages journalists. The resolution requested the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference to remove this 'injustice' at its next meeting.—A. P.

80,000 Pilgrims Perform Haj

KARACHI, Nov. 28: About 80,000 pilgrims performed Haj on Friday last, according to a telegram received here from the Hedjas. The Saudi Government had made excellent arrangements and the Indian Vice-Consul rendered all possible service. All the Hajis are hale and hearty.—A. P.

All-India Employers' Federation

The Twelfth Annual General Meeting of the All-India Employers' Federation will be held in Bombay on Monday December 18. Sir Homi Mody will preside.—A P.

MISSING

Kedarnath Agarwal, aged 18, tall, thin, white colour, missing from Calcutta for three weeks. Any one bringing him back or giving information to Mr. S. K. Das, 23, Garanhatta St., Calcutta, will be rewarded with the expenses if any.

Tea Time—
In the North West

West of the Indus, life is as hard as the rocks among which it is lived. Both the Pathan and the Baluchi accept danger as part of the day's work or the night's vigil.

Especially when on a journey, it is often necessary to bivouac, setting a watch by the camp-fire. To help the night-watch keep on the alert, hot tea is brewed in bulk, with milk and sugar, and sipped from brass tumblers. Tea keeps out the chills of the night air and is a companionable drink for the solitary watcher.

Up and down the Frontier, fresh Brooke Bond tea is as popular as in the rest of India.

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John Player & Sons ENGLAND
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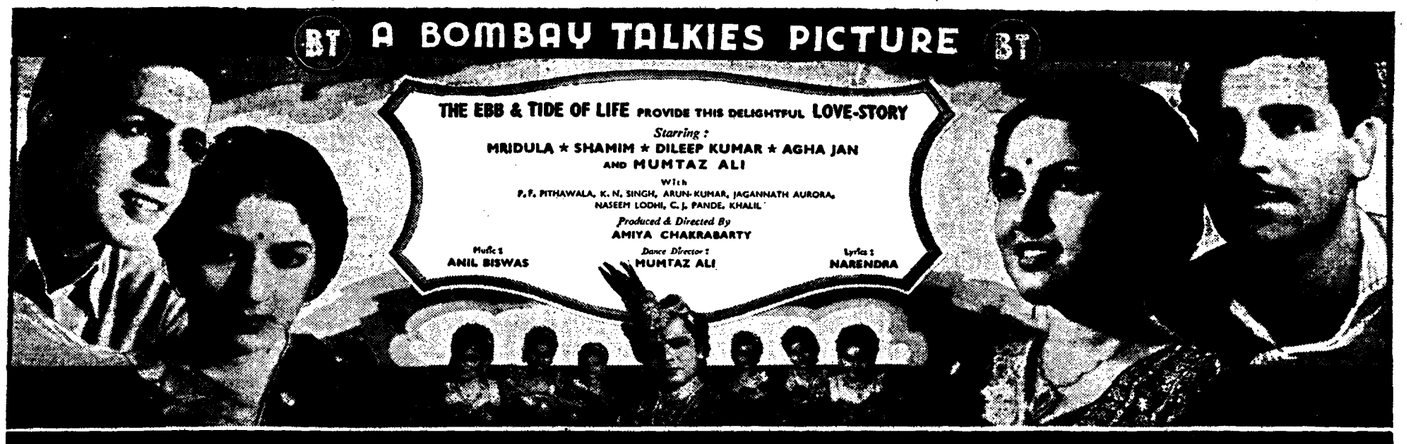
PL/211

A BOMBAY TALKIES PICTURE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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 28: The following is the weather-chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours L. M. T. on 25/11/44:—

Allahabad 83 54 0, BOMBAY 90 73 0, Calcutta 83 60 0, Cawnpore 83 52 0, Cuttack 86 62 0, Darjeeling 50 40 0, Delhi 83 52 0, Dehra Dun 75 46 0, Jacobabad 89 58 0, Karachi 82 69 0, Lahore 76 46 0, Lucknow 84 52 0, Madras 85 75 0, Nagpur 84 56 0, Patna 82 57 0, Peshawar 74 43 0, Shillong 61 44 0, Simla 55 40 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Heaven punishes the bad, and proves the best.

—Dryden.

The Bombay Chronicle

ART IN INDUSTRY

Early next year Bombay will be the venue of "Art in Industry" exhibition which will be the fifth in the series of the annual displays. It will be on a larger scale than hitherto and will show the highest figure of prize-money ever touched by it. The exhibition has come to fill an important lacuna in the industrial movement as it is emphasises the values of art to industry and is an attempt to bring the industrialist and the artist in close proximity. The movement, which was originally sponsored by Burmah Shell, has emerged from its initial stage with a creditable record of achievements and is henceforth, to proceed on new lines. Two years ago, writing on the subject, we had pointed out the need of placing it on an All-India basis and making it fully representative of the industrial, commercial and artistic interests of the country. We are glad to note that the organisers have decided to form "The Indian Institute of Art in Industry" which will be a registered institution and which will have organisation of the exhibition as one of its functions.

The headquarters of the Institute, as it appears from the Memorandum of Association, will be located in Calcutta. We are unable to understand why the claim of Bombay is set aside. Bombay is a great centre of industry and commerce and has a progressive art-institution in the Sir J. J. School of Art whose commercial art-section is known for good pioneer work. Bombay should, in our opinion, be in a better position to ensure the expansion and development of the Institute. We hope the promoters will reconsider the question of the location of the headquarters before taking the final decision.

The membership of the Institute, which is divided into various categories, is open to the Central and Provincial Governments, Indian States, industrial and commercial concerns and associations, universities, art-schools, artists, students and also individuals not directly connected with art or industry. The organisation, thus, promises to be representative of the varied interests of the country. Since "art in industry" is primarily a problem of art, the privilege of wider and effective representation by experts in the executive bodies should be conceded to art. Sooner or later a stage will arrive when the industrial and commercial concerns will seek co-operation of art-schools in order to secure trained designers or to get their own apprentices trained in their specific requirements. Art schools should, obviously, play an important role in the movement. We, therefore, suggest that the Institute should seek closer and direct co-operation of the art-schools by reserving permanent seats for them on its executive bodies. Textile and other industrial designs sanctioned and popularised by the Institute should be original and distinctive—an objective which will demand for its achievement exploration of India's resources of indigenous designs. The organisers should, therefore, devise ways and means to bring under the banner of the Institute communities of artist-craftsmen who badly need encouragement. Precisely speaking the custodians of traditional designs should be adequately represented in the Institute which is intended to be an all-India organisation. The Institute, which is in the formative stage, deserves unstinted support of every individual and institution—official and non-official—whose attention is focussed on the industrial progress of the country.

Ominous Portents

The statement made at New York by Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqi, a member of the Indian Delegation to the recent International Business Conference, is important not only because it raises the fundamental issue of the post-war world but also because it reveals the circumstances which emphasise that issue. It is a simple one, a question of "equality and reciprocity" and of seeing that "the danger of democracy and the four freedoms expressed by President Roosevelt assuming the shape of imperialism and colonialism is avoided". And Mr. Siddiqi gives enough instances to prove that that danger is very real and very imminent.

Bretton Woods, as he says, was not altogether fruitful to India. In fact, it was a considerable blow to India's hopes and plans for her future. But that is not all. It is quite significant that the Anglo-American mentality, which, despite differences between American and British view-points, prevailed at the official Bretton Woods Conference, prevailed also at the unofficial Rye Conference of businessmen, European and American nations ignored "the millions of Asia, Africa and the islands of the Pacific" and denied "China and India their rightful position." The portents of the two conferences are clear. The New World Order is calculated to divide the world into two or rather maintain the old division into a world of Imperialistic and colonial exploiters and a world of the exploited. If this is the shape of the future, as the west undoubtedly plans it to be, not only the war will have been fought in vain but the following peace will also lay the foundation of a worse and more dangerous "world order" than its predecessor.

Frankly Speaking

Cordell Hull Retires

Having conducted America's foreign policy through President Roosevelt's three terms, Mr. Cordell Hull, now well over seventy and suffering chronic ill health, has resigned his office. The veteran Secretary of State did not command the confidence or affection of liberal and progressive Americans. He was responsible for the fact that in many respects and instances American foreign policy had been a paradox, reactionary in a liberal regime. He was also regarded as a wily master of manoeuvre who could and did effectively dispose of opponents whether in or outside the State Department. Progressives will, therefore, welcome his well-earned retirement in the hope that his successor, while carrying on Cordell Hull's good work, will not exercise his reactionary influence on policy and on the State Department. The choice of Mr. Edward Stettinius to fill Cordell Hull's vacancy is no surprise for it maintains continuity through a man who has virtually been acting as Secretary of State for many months. Interest will arise in the appointment of a Secretary of State when Roosevelt selects the Cabinet for his fourth and most difficult term in January next.

S. E. A. C. Preparations

It is a stroke of particularly bad luck for the South-East Asia Command to be deprived of the services of Sir Trafford Leigh-Mallory. He was a great air chief whose loss is all the more regrettable because it occurs at a crucial moment in SEAC preparations. But we are sure an equally efficient officer will soon be found either in Britain or in America to fill his place. It is, as we have said, a crucial moment in preparations because some more changes have been announced which go to suggest that Admiral Mountbatten is at last about to launch on some really big enterprise. The appointment of General Browning as his Chief of Staff is particularly interesting since General Browning, according to British reports, is one of the best combined operations experts and has also had combat experience in Arnhem itself. We are entitled to expect developments in Admiral Mountbatten's theatre in the near future.

Thakkar Bapa

Mr. Amritlal V. Thakkar, affectionately known to many as "Thakkar Bapa", completes 75 years of his eventful life to-day. Mr. Thakkar belongs to Bhavnagar. He started life as an engineer and served the Bombay Municipality for a number of years. While in the municipal service he found how the lowest paid employees of the municipality were victims of a carefully planned system of extortion by their superiors. He left the municipal service in order to direct his attention to the eradication of this system. He joined the Servants of India Society and spent a number of years in ameliorating the condition of the long-neglected Bhils and members of the Aboriginal tribes. When Mahatma Gandhi started the Harijan Sevak Sangh he naturally could not find a better man than Thakkar Bapa for carrying on the work of that body. Thakkar Bapa has served the country in numerous ways with self-less devotion and it is a strange and happy coincidence that in his seventy-fifth year his were the main responsibility and proud achievement of collecting over a crore and quarter for the Kasturba Gandhi Memorial Fund which was presented to Mahatma Gandhi on the day he completed his seventy-fifth year. The country wishes Thakkar Bapa many happy returns of his birthday.

Penalty For Landlords

With the usual natural talent for circumventing the law, landlords in Bombay had brought into being a new form of rent. If the law did not allow the charging of an enhanced rent, the landlord charged a "pagree". The law had, hitherto, merely prohibited the enhancing of the rent. There was no penalty for taking a capital premium. Now the Bombay Rent Restriction Act has been amended, and provides for the imprisonment or fining or both of the offending landlords. This express power given to the law in order to act as a sanction, is most welcome. The law has shown that it means business and though the custom of "pagree" will be indulged in, it will be done at grave risks from now on. The people of Bombay will heave a sigh of relief. Only recently a case had come to notice where, somewhere on Peddar Road, the sum of Rupees 20,000 was asked for as "pagree" from a racing man. It was carrying things a little too far. One loophole, however, still remains. How will the law prevent a landlord putting in a few items of furniture and selling the furniture at an enhanced price?

In Italy

EIGHTH ARMY EXTENDS POSITION

ALLIED MEDITERRANEAN HQ. Nov. 28: To-day's Communique said: In spite of heavy rain the Eighth Army has extended its positions on the river Lamone, north and south of Faenza. British and Indian troops of the Fifth Army have occupied a number of mountain features north of Modigliana and all enemy resistance east of Lamone, south of Faenza, is virtually at an end.

Adverse weather yesterday caused cancellation of most of the operations by other units. Coastal fighters flew intruder missions in the area of the French-Italian border where they attacked motor transport. Balkan Air Force fighters strafed road traffic in Albania and Yugoslavia.—Reuter.

War Tells On Jap Manpower!

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 28.

German correspondents in Tokio reveal the increasing state of austerity there. Women are so hard hit by clothing shortage that they have abandoned Kimanos. Wearing trousers is a luxury. Shops no longer exist. Theatres and tea houses are closed down and pleasure travels are absolutely forbidden. Japs have decreed that women must number at least 60 per cent of the employees in post offices, banks and insurance offices, 30 per cent in oil, rubber and motor and 10 per cent in ship building plants.

Dutch Manpower For Far East War

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

In an exclusive interview Dr. Vanderbrock, Dutch Minister of Finance, said that they were recruiting manpower in liberated Holland for service in the Far East in Java and that men were coming in very well. The Japanese material was inferior to the Anglo-American. He believed that war in the Far East would not last very long once Germany collapsed.

Cairo Newspaper Editor Opening Office In New York

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Mahmoud Abdul Fateh, publisher and owner of the Cairo newspaper 'Al Misri', in New York for a six-week visit to open a New York office for his newspaper, said in an interview that Egypt appreciates the way the United States gave unreserved recognition to Lebanon and Syria, adding that the action was moral support for small countries in the Middle East.

"I would like to see this support given to all Middle and Near Eastern and Arab-speaking countries," he said. "Certain countries need guidance but this should not be incompatible with their independence. The old method of colonization and imperialism have proved a source of trouble in Africa and Asia. For enduring peace, the national aspirations of small countries should be respected."

An elected senator for Cairo, Fateh said he had come to study the technique of the American press which, he said, has the "highest standard in the world." He said Egyptian newspapers "come favourably with the press of other countries." He expects to visit London shortly and eventually to reopen offices in Paris.

Egyptian interest in America has increased tremendously during the war he said, owing in large part to the presence of American troops.

"Egypt has benefited a great deal from American efforts in the cultural and educational spheres. Hygiene and sanitation have been improved and the American Universities at Cairo and Beirut have had wide influence."

Fateh said Egyptians hope that after the war, Americans will travel to Egypt "not only to see old monuments but to get in touch with the people of Egypt because that is the way to bring about greater understanding."—USOWI.

Malaviya On Sind Ban On "Satyarth Prakash"

BENARES, Nov. 28: Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya in a statement regarding the ban imposed by the Sind Government on Chapter XIV of the "Satyartha Prakash" says:—

"The Sind Government has committed a great wrong in banning the Chapter XIV of the 'Satyartha Prakash", which is held in great reverence by every Arya Samajist and a large number of Hindus. The ban should be withdrawn without delay."—A. P.

Death Of 'Sick Destitutes'

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

Twenty-three sick destitutes died in hospital on November 25, 26 and 27. There were 69 new admissions and 23 destitutes were discharged from the hospital.—A. P.

The First Maharatta V. C.

It is with an exultant pride, tinged with an irrational sadness that I learned that Naik Yeshwant Ghatge has won a deathless name by heroically dying on the field of battle for his King and Country. Though, through death, our hero achieved immortality, I could not help feeling sorry that the award of the Victoria Cross was posthumous.

This is the first Maharatta—or as I would prefer to call, the first Maharashtrian—soldier to emblazon the name of Maharashtra on the roll of those valiant warriors who have won the highest military distinction by acts of superhuman courage, fortitude and gallantry. And it is only fit and proper that a grateful Maharashtra should commemorate the exploits of this brave son of Maharashtra.

It would be in the fitness of things that Kolhapur—the home of the illustrious house of the Chhatrapatis, and the martial race of the Maharattas,—should lead the way.

I suggest that a fund, named after the hero, be collected out of which scholarships be awarded to the deserving sons of Maharastrian soldiers to enable them to obtain higher military education in expensive military academies, such as Dehra Dun.

Poor though I am, I offer to contribute Rs. 1,000 for such a fund.

I pause for a response.

N. G. DEO, B.A., LL.B., M.L.A., Advocate, Public Prosecutor, Kolhapur

Kolhapur, Nov. 26.

France Looms Large In Week's News

Britain's Two Domestic Issues— Commons Man As Minister For Public Works

By Prof. GEORGE CATLIN, (Specially Contributed to "The Chronicle")

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The French have been in the forefront of the week's news following on Mr. Churchill's visit to Paris.

De Gaulle is to go to Moscow.

Englishmen are asking how long Mr. Churchill, in his own phrase, is to be a "wandering minstrel" and when the heads of the two other great Powers propose to come to London, which can be scarcely more dangerous than Paris.

If Marshal Stalin does not like London, perhaps Edinburgh, for example, might be the suitable choice.

I refer to the two other great Powers advisedly since the omission of reference to China in this list in Mr Eden's recent speech in the Commons was highly significant.

However, despite doubts, which Field Marshal Smuts expressed about the future of France, there is determination to see that France is restored to the ranks of the great Powers. Doubtless before long there will be other claimants.

STALIN SATISFIED

Stalin has expressed his satisfaction, which is not remarkable owing to the old alliance between Tsarist Russia with France and Stalin's own need to strengthen yet further his position in Western Europe, in view of the rumours of some species of Western Union or closer integration of states in Western Europe.

KREMLIN'S STAND

The U.S.S.R., through its Embassy bulletin in Washington, has declared that Kremlin, citadel although it may be of Marxism, is totally uninterested in the internal regimes of countries with which it enters into diplomatic relations. Hence just as Stalin has been able to contemplate friendly relations with the Catholics in Poland and with the Vatican, in which he has recently displayed marked interest, so he need find no impediment in entering upon an 'entente cordiale' with this Catholic General de Gaulle.

Members of the French Forces of the Interior have been sent on a mission to Britain, paraded streets and have been received by the Lord Mayor. "Just babies most of them" was the affectionate comment by a London woman spectator. Anyhow they had a grand reception over here, where there is always in many quarters an emotional feeling about France.

In France itself the visit of Mr. Churchill, who received the heartiest welcome, may have done something to confirm the prestige, particularly in the task of restoring the glory of France in international affairs and the Rhine controls, of the de Gaulle Government.

Whether France in fact has the power to sustain the part here indicated is also dubious; but it can be well understood that she has commitments in Eastern Europe from which she cannot well disentangle herself and in which her prestige is involved.

PERSIAN AFFAIRS

It cannot be pretended that Persian affairs play a very large part in the mind of the British public. British commentators, however, quoting American sources suggest that Russian Imperialism in Persia, precisely because it has excluded tax collectors of the Persian Government and has assumed economic responsibility without pretence of non-interference, is of a more desirable brand than that of the British. The argument seems to me somewhat sophistical. One recalls the remark made in the last century of the House of Savoy that it ate up Italy, province by province like leaves of the artichoke.

However it is significant that in the article by John Fischer in Harper's magazine reproduced in the London "Daily Mail" it is stated that in the event of choice between the United States and the U.S.S.R., England ought to choose the latter. "To many Englishmen Russia seems to offer certain noteworthy advantages."

At any rate the assumption is very rash that there is any necessary per manent antagonism between Britain and Russian Imperialism, viz., in the Middle and Far East.

FOR PERMANENT PEACE

It seems to be agreed that the bases of "permanent peace" are so dependent upon Anglo-American-Soviet collaboration that the greatest concessions, strategic and diplomatic, will be made to the last named.

The French seem to accept this general scheme. The declaration this week by Bidault appears to put "paid" to all schemes for federation or integration, however vague of Western Europe unless at the minimum U.S.S.R. were included as the sponsor. Bidault said: "France who is Catholic won't accept to be restricted by Western Europe, for we have interests far beyond it France and Soviet Russia have a great task before them—to ensure peace."

This seems to spell reversion to the position at the beginning of the century when the European scene was dominated by the Franco-Russian alliance but with this important difference that Germany is now eliminated. What role will be played by Anglo-Saxon influence remains dubious.

IN BRITAIN

As touching the British domestic scene it is perhaps well to distinguish between what are the interests of politicians and what were the interests of the man-in-the-street. As to the former, interest is already concentrating on party conferences, the Labour Conference on Dec. 11 and the Conservative conference at the end of January to be addressed by Mr. Churchill.

Members of Parliament are showing that wonted activity, which occurs about the time of prospective election. Mr. Malcolm Macdonald High Commissioner for Canada, whose seat is none too safe in Ross and Cromarty, has returned home after making some remarks in Ottawa about future leadership of two of the major parties, tipping Sir John Anderson for one but not Maj. Attlee for the other, which have led to some smart criticism. He has especially been pursued by comment unmarked by affection by the Press of the Party, which his father once led but left.

TWO URGENT PROBLEMS

In the country the pre-occupations of the plain man apart from the rapid progress of the war to a victorious conclusion were the treatment of troops—especially leave for those who have had long service overseas, not the least in India—and housing.

As regards leave it is urged what can be arranged without imperilling the campaign, for American troops might be arranged for the British. There are also painful memories of insufficient provision for the welfare and security of employment of troops demobilised after the first world war. In some quarters it is thought the British Legion did an inadequate job of exercising pressure.

As to housing, the importance attached to adequate provision for the evacuated returning to bombed towns and for the demobilised is recognised by the discussion by the Conservative as well as Labour M.P.'s of the desirability of establishing a Ministry of Housing. The issue arises in connection with the appointment of Mr. Duncan Sandys, son-in-law of Mr. Churchill and until recently Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Supply, to Ministerial rank, as the Minister for Public Works. Lord Portal retires from public office at the moment on the ground given by Mr. Churchill, on the issue that housing is so important that the Minister responsible for it must be in the Commons.

MAHATMA FOR NOBEL PRIZE

The suggestion that Gandhiji may fast again, despite the strain on his system, has caused concern in some of those quarters that are interested in Indian affairs and in the solution of the Indian deadlock. If this general concern took the form of suggesting in proper quarters that he would be a suitable recipient for the Nobel Peace Prize, it would be concern to some purpose.

Telegraph And Telephone Wires Cut

NAWABSHA, Nov. 26.

It is reported that a gang of 40 dacoits believed to be Hurs raided a Sind Barrage Canal Regulator at the village of Kumblima and destroyed telegraph and telephone wires. They forcibly opened the doors of the regulator and gave cuts to the canal.

Mr. Karim Ali Shah, Deputy Supt. of Police, Nawabshah with a police party rushed to the spot on receipt of the report. The cuts are under repairs by engineering authorities.—A. P.

Jail Delivery Is Job Of Provincial Govts.

Punjab Premier Accused Of Obstructing Democratic Working Of Assembly

LAHORE, Nov. 28.

Sardar Kapoor Singh, Secretary of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party, in a statement says:

"A recent declaration by Government spokesmen in the Central Assembly has made it clear that the responsibility for the release of political security prisoners and detenus rests entirely on the provincial governments. This declaration gives the lie to the Punjab Premier's oft-repeated assertion that he is helpless in the matter of releases, as he is bound by Central Government's order.

"The Premier and his cabinet are responsible for preventing the democratic functioning of the Legislative Assembly by the prevention through detention and restriction orders of elected representatives of the people from attending the Assembly.

"On behalf of the Congress Assembly Party, I call for the immediate release of all political prisoners and detenus and the removal of restrictions from all those who are outside jail. In particular, we demand the immediate release of all M.L.A.'s and the removal of all orders preventing them from exercising their democratic right and duty of participating in the coming session of the Punjab Assembly".—A. P.

10 CONGRESS DETENUS RELEASED

LAHORE, NOV. 28: The Punjab Government today released the following ten Congress civil disobedience detenus who have been in jail for the past two years or more:—

Messrs. Gurdas Ram Chadda (Ludhiana), Lal Singh Kanwar (Sangla Hill), Satyanand (Amritsar), Tirloki Nath (Gujrat), Sunao Rai (Fazilka), Hem Rau Marhawa (Lahore), Rattan Lal Bhatia (Amritsar), Yugender Pai (Palwal), Bachan Singh (Ludhiana) and Purnanand (Amritsar). They are forbidden to take part in public meetings or processions, but are not interned nor required to report themselves to the police.—A. P.

Releases In Karachi

KARACHI, Nov 28.

The Government of Sind has today released four Congressmen who had detained since August 1942. They are Mr. Tirath Sabhani, Assistant Editor of the "Hindu", Karachi, Mr. Lakhimchand Kingar, Mr. Udhavdas Raisinghani and Mr. Jethanand Bhojraj.

They were released unconditionally this evening from Karachi jail.—A. P.

Profiteering In Cloth

Hydari's Reply To Ahmedabad Editors

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 27.

Sir Akbar Hydari, Secretary to the Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, Government of India received a representation of the Editors of local dailies drawing attention to the black market prevailing in the city, in spite of its being a very big cloth production centre. The representation stated that the consumer was forced to pay a black market price of fifty per cent. on an average on the control price. Government had tried to check the black markets by putting several restrictions but the persons interested had up to now managed to find their own ways Something drastic should be done to avoid an unfair margin being taken by the middlemen who had not heeded to the Government regulations referring to the constitutions of the textile control board. Representation stated that the textile industry and trade interests had mainly been represented and approach to the question had been one-sided. Figures of the cost of production supplied to Government were very high, and in fixing the price of cloth on the basis Government had given facility to so much profit to the mill industry which was all at the cost of poor consumers.

Sir Akbar Hydari replying said that the Textile Control Board was not strictly parliamentary board where votes were counted. It was constituted by Government to obtain technical knowledge in the enforcement of control. In spite of good relations existing between Government and the Textile Board, its recommendations were on several occasions rejected. The Textile Control Board had good effect on the rest of the economy of the country. It was the corner stone of all control measures. Fourteen mills had been taken under control by Government and fixing prices, they could not allow less efficient mills to close down and curtail production. The mill industry was a great national asset which could not be broken up. During the last fifteen or sixteen months since this department was created, production had been increased by 300 million yards and prices had been gradually reduced, with a view to cause less distraction in the market and preserve the channels of trade to function even after the withdrawal of control There was not much black market in coarser counts.

Referring to the profits made by the mills, Sir Akbar Hydari said that not a single mill had made twenty per cent profit. Mills on an average made seven and half to eight per cent. profits. Government meant to maintain standard cloth as it served the people where ordinary cloth was not available.—A. P.

ASIA'S MILLIONS IGNORED

Abdur Rahman Siddiqui On Failure Of International Business Conference

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.

Mr. Abdur Rahman Siddiqui of Calcutta, a member of the Indian delegation to the recent International Business Conference at Rye (New York State), asserted that a wise policy of 'give and take' on the basis of equality and reciprocity will help to build up peace in the world of tomorrow on firmer foundations than peace treaties and a League of Nations.

Mr. Siddiqui said: "India has suffered in men and money as much as any other member of the United Nations group. We plead for equitable distribution of raw materials and markets and freedom to develop in our own way. The danger of democracy and the Four Freedoms expressed by President Roosevelt assuming the shape of Imperialism or colonialism must be avoided at all costs or the war will have been fought in vain. Syndicalism and cartels as also the most-favoured nation clause policies have not led to peace. The International Business Conference did not clarify the position on this score. Reciprocity and mutually fair and equitable treatment between the dominant and the dominated peoples of the world on an economic plane did not appear to be the goal of the Conference."

Mr. Siddiqui added, "There is no doubt in my mind that whether at the plenary sessions of the eight subsections into which the Conference was divided, the Indian delegates have played an important role and placed India in its rightful and proper place on the world map. Despite ostensible differences between American and British viewpoints regarding the scope and significance of private enterprise, it will not be wrong to say that the richer and more powerful nations as also the smaller and weaker nations of Europe and South America ignored the millions of Asia, Africa and the islands of the Pacific, and did not give that consideration to them which they deserved. Internationalism and world interests had a limited meaning in their calculations, and it was obvious that although the businessmen were talking in business terms, they could not escape the influence of their Governments and the policies they wanted them to follow. Between the manufacturing and raw material producing countries, it would have been graceful of Great Britain and America to have given China and India their rightful position in the International Business Conference. That was not done and to that extent the Conference has failed."

EGGS AND COAL TAR HURLED AT 'C. R.'

"Indian Christians Would Get More Than Their Share" Says He

NAGPUR, Nov. 27: Two eggs and some coal tar were hurled at Mr. C. Rajagopalachari as he was addressing a meeting at the Y.M.C.A., to-day. After this initial attempt to create a disturbance the meeting passed off peacefully.

Mr. Rajagopalachari said Indian Christians need have no fear about their future when the National Government was formed in India. No Indian Government could behave tyrannically towards the minorities and Indian Christians would get more than their share. He was glad some Indian Christians supported the Nationalist movement and did not think Nationalists would forget their contribution.—A. P.

Rajaji For Sewagram

NAGPUR, Nov. 28.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari left to-day for Sewagram.—A. P.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Raja Ghazanfar Ali, former Parliamentary Secretary to the Punjab Government, said there was no justification for the Unionist Ministry to keep Congress workers and leaders in detention after Mahatma Gandhi's declaration. He criticised the Ministry and said on account of the sacrifices of the Congress they had got some measure of self-government.

—Amritsar Report.

* * *

According to a Manchester report, representatives of Indian cotton mill interests are negotiating the purchase of secondhand textile machinery in Lancashire.

If so they probably regard secondhand pre-war machinery better than post-war six pence in the rupee.

* * *

Mr. A. P. Jain, former Congress Parliamentary Secretary, reports that landlords in U. P. are exploiting technical mistakes in tenancy legislation to the disadvantage of the tenants.

But that is only too natural. These super-farmers know what to do when the sun shines.

* * *

WILL STALIN OBLIGE?

Soviet Government Asked To Open Diplomatic Relations With India

—Headlines.

Will the Government of India graciously consent to be obliged?

* * *

It is reported that in his interview with the Viceroy, Mr. V. D. Savarkar put forward a scheme for ending the political deadlock.

The details given prove that it is *the* Savarkarian goods and does effectively dispose of the present deadlock in order to produce a better and bigger one.

* * *

Vir Savarkar is also reported to have made it clear to the Viceroy that any settlement between Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah will not be binding on the Hindus and so on and so forth.

We trust Lord Wavell listened sympathetically and thanked Vir Savarkar for the warning.

* * *

At a sort of all-Party meeting at Amritsar, Sardar Shaukat Hayat Khan is reported to have predicted that the Punjab Unionist Ministry would not last if it continued to keep Congressmen in jail.

But why not? After all, Muslim League Ministries do continue to last in the N.-W.F.P., Sind, Bengal and Assam.

* * *

From a school boy's essay: "King Henry the Eighth's marriage was childless because a blight was put on the onion."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Genius cannot supply the place of virtue.

* * *

Inventors of new wrinkles are not popular with women.

* * *

Many a man who isn't a liar doesn't tell all the truth that he knows.

* * *

When a man is going to the dogs he usually meets the dogs about halfway.

* * *

Of making books there is no end—otherwise there would be fewer race tracks.

* * *

It sometimes happens that a man is kept from buying mining stock because he hasn't got the ready cash.

WAR FACTORIES FOR CIVILIAN NEEDS

Visvesvaraya On Regional Economic Drive

CALCUTTA, Nov. 28.

Sir M. Visvesvaraya, presiding over the third quarterly meeting of the Central Committee of the All-India Manufacturers Organization here today, suggested a five-year plan to double agricultural and industrial production in the country and pleaded for an annual government grant of eight crores of rupees for the purpose.

Arrangements, he said, should be set on foot to start at least a dozen heavy industries, the moment war was over Arrangements for developing agriculture might also be made simultaneously and the necessary funds given for it.

He suggested that all military works and factories constructed by the three Governments—British, American and Indian—should receive special investigation and study by a committee, predominantly Indian, with necessary technical element added, with a view to converting them into factories for civilian industries and to use the latter to provide employment to demobilised employees from the army, navy and the air force.

Dealing the steps taken by the All-India Manufacturers' organization in the direction of industrialization, Sir M Visvesvaraya said that the Association had divided the country into six classes of regions with the central controlling agency in Bombay. An economic drive would be maintained in each region for starting new industries, new companies and new units of work generally. It would endeavour to collect and use all the resources in money, talent and energy available for the industrialisation of the locality.

Mr. Anandilal Poddar, Mayor of Calcutta, welcomed the President and the delegates from the various provinces.

The conference meets again tomorrow.—A. P.

Murder Case Suspect Arrested

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Madan Narayan Khot, alleged to have been responsible for the murder of Dasrath Narayan Patil (25), proprietor of Ramakant Hindu Hotel, on October 18 last, has been arrested by the City police.

The arrest was made at Ghatkopar on Sunday morning where Khot had gone into hiding after the part, he is alleged to have played in the murder. He was remanded into custody by the Chief Presidency Magistrate yesterday.

Jayantilal Muljl, a dealer in drugs was taken into custody yesterday for, alleged failure to declare stocks he held to the Licensing authorities. He was released on bail of Rs. 5,000 and his bail period was extended by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, today.

STEEL SHARES MOVE UP

ACTIVE BULL SUPPORT IN COTTON MARKET

Silver Sees New High Level

BOMBAY, November 28.

The Bombay Stock Exchange made a definite upward move with signs of confidence and Tata Steel Shares were in forefront. Cotton Mill shares ruled steady with moderate support for Bombay Dyeing and Swadesh. Closing tone was very steady.

Active buying by professional Bull operators resulted in a steady rise in raw cotton prices. Silver saw a new high level for cash.

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

The Share Bazar was very steady today with moderate buying in Tata Steel Shares. Cotton Mill Shares were steady in sympathy with Steel Shares, the support was nominal. Tata Steel Dfd Shares opened today at Rs. 2130 and improved to Rs. 2153 and steadied at Rs. 2152 Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 402 and steadied at Rs. 403 Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1801 and improved to Rs. 1805 and Kohinoor Mill Shares were placed at Rs. 601.

There was steady buying in Steel Shares and the market closed at about the highest level of the day. Cotton Mill Shares were steady: Bombay Dyeing and Swadesh Shares were in good demand.

Gold & Silver

No final decision was arrived at yesterday's meeting in connection with the reported trouble. In the mean time trading was resumed in the bullion market which is overflowing with speculative operations and both Bulls and Bears are said to have extensive interest. The Reserve Bank is also taking advantage by accepting tenders at higher rates and is passing on Silver into the market which is also financed by overdrafts and is reported to be lying in Bank vaults. It is a worst confounded position. The Government's objective of stabilisation of prices is in background and speculative enterprise is being carried on unhampered.

The Reserve Bank sold 300 bars Silver today at Rs. 123/12 and 75,000 tolas Gold at Rs. 65/1. In the local market trading is disorganised. Forward Silver for the current settlement was quoted at Rs. 122/8 and next settlement was quoted at Rs. 121. Forward Gold was placed at Rs. 65/6.

The market was firm. Ready Silver closed at Rs. 124/12, current settlement Rs. 124/6, next settlement Rs. 121/10. Ready Gold Rs. 64/7. Next settlement Rs 64/2.

METAL QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

Brass Bhangar			
Ready	144	0	0
Posh	133	12	0
Copper Bhangar			
Ready	125	0	0
Posh	122	0	0

LONDON BULLION
LONDON, Nov 27.

Spot 23-1/2 Forward 23-1/2 Gold bars fine per oz. £8/8/0

Bombay Cotton

The local cotton market opened today at Rs. 416/4 for March delivery and improved to Rs. 417/8 under moderate buying. It appears that Bull operators took yesterday the advantage of their attendance to harden quotations and seem to have gained ground. This makes one to believe that attempts will be made to harden prices with a view to force short covering. Long range outlook for cotton is not constructive end compared with forward quotations, ready cotton quotations are cheaper. Arrivals are light and hedge selling being limited bull operators will be able to push up prices but we do not favour following the rise as we look for heavy liquidation ultimately.

Professional bulls were persistent buyers and March rose to Rs. 421/12. There was some short covering. The market finally closed at 6 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. March	421	4	0
I.C.C. May	424	8	6

COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton March contract is 570 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

	High	Low	Close
I.C.C. March	413/8	411	412
I.C.C. May	418/8	415/8	416/4
Karachi March	41/6	41/3/3	41/5 9
	BOMBAY, Nov. 27.		
I.C.C. March	416/8	412/8	415/12
I.C.C. May	419/8	416/8	418/8

New York Cotton Market Watches December Settlement

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.

Cotton was irregularly lower and sluggish reflecting uncertainties over the Government domestic and export programmes together with exceptionally good war news. Meanwhile attention focusses on December delivery where substantial open interest is still outstanding. The earlier belief that exports this season might total 3,500,000 to 5,000,000 bales scaled down recently with indications they are not likely to exceed two millions, despite the four cent subsidy. According to the War Food Administration, farmers are submitting a large quantity of samples for Government classification preparatory to placing cotton in the purchase or loan programmes, with figures thus far indicating that producers are preferring loan. Although brokers and merchants in the Memphis area report greater rate of spot activity, mill demand is limited and spasmodic, and in view of large stocks from which to draw, they are not anxious to buy far ahead. Civilian cotton goods business continued stalemated, as mills were reluctant to make new offerings pending the outcome of the reported new price administration formula to reprice grey and finished goods. Lately the market turned steadier on mill fixations and covering in December prior to the first notice day on Nov. 28th. After sagging slightly on Monday prices steadied with continued evening up in December the principal trading feature. The session closed steady at a rise of 2 to 8 points.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Nov. 27.

December 21.73+02 January 21.72+04 March 21.73+07 May 21.73+08 July 21.55+07 October 20.82+02 December highest 21.77+06 (10 a.m.) lowest 21.71 (11 a.m.) Middling Spot 22.12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
NEW YORK, Nov 27.

December 21.73 March 21.77 Middling 21.25+05

NOON CALL
NEW YORK, Nov. 27.

December 21.73 March 21.70 May 21.69

PRODUCE RECEIPTS
BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

Cotton Bales	10044
Linseed cwts	4723
Tilseed cwts	620
Groundnuts cwts	1280
Castorseeds cwts	420
Cottonseed cwts	8318

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE
BOMBAY, Nov. 28.

Tata Ordinary 405 Tata Deferred 2165 Indian Iron 38/8 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 32/4 Bombay Dyeing 1612/8 Central India 410/10 Century 860 Gokak 315 Kohinoor 601/14 Simplex 24 Andhra Valley 1830 Tata Hydro 208/2 Tata Power 1927/8 Associated Cement 244/12 Belapur 238/2 Bombay Burma (Old) 490

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Nov. 28.
MILLS.

Apollo 4/5/9 4/5/3
Bharat 68 67/4 68
Dyeing 1797/8 1808/12 2/8 6/4 1/4 12/8
Bradbury (Ord) 350
Central India (Ord) 409 6 8/8 7/8 11
Century 858/12 60 50
Colaba 224 23/8 25.
Edward 835 30
Elphinstone (Ord) 89 88/8 90 89
Elphinstone (Pref) 128/12 27/8
Finlay 310 9/8 10/8 9 11
Gokak 314 15 13 15
India United (Defd) 3/4/6 3/5 3/4/6 3/5
India United (Ord) 15/11 15/10/6 15/12 15/11 15/12
Indore 755 67/8 55 62/8 47/8 55
Khatau 357/8
Kohinoor 598 600 599 601 599 603
Luxmi (Ord) 1385
Meyer 226/14 28/12 27/8
Minerva 266/4
Model 270
Morarjee 730 25 35 25
Mysore 320
New Great 411 10/8 12 10/8 11/8
Podar 360
Sassoon Cotton 23/8
Sholapur 8000
Shrinivas 365/10 66/4
Simplex 263/8 64 65 64 71
Swadeshi 570 68 75 73 75 74 79 28 79
Swan 326/8 25/8 28
Tata Mills 72 73/8 72/12 73/4 73
Vishnu 496/4
Hoshiarpur Doab Railway 114

BANKS.

A. B. C. 34/4 34/8
Baroda 141 40
Central 83/8 83/4 83/8
Imperial (Old) 2012/8 15
Imperial (New) 506/4
India 187/8 88 87/8
Reserve 135/4
Habib 80
Union 9/12
International 58/8

ELECTRIC COS.

Ahmedabad 223/12
Ajmer 15
Andhra Valley 1830
Tram (Ord) 150/12 50/4 50/12
Tram (Pref) 72 71.
Surat 216/4
Hydro (Ord) 208 8/8
Tata Power (Ord) 1930 32/8 30
British India 20/8
New India 83/8 84 83/4
Bombay Steam 602/8 600
Scindia 33/12 33/10 33/12
Jam Wire 144
Tata Steel (Defd) 2130 45 40 48/12 45 55 51/4 66/4 65
Tata Steel (Ord) 401 400/8 403 402/8 4 3/8 5
Tata Steel (Ord) 401 400/8 403 402/8 4 3/8 5
Tata Steel (2nd Pref) 163/8 64 63/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 450 53/12
Cement 241/8 43 42/8 45 44/4 45 44/8 44/12
Belapur 240 42 38 39 37 39 38/8
Burmah (Old) 495 90 92/8 90
B. B. Petrol 3/14 3/13/9
Dharamsey Chemical 58/8
Bleaching 136 35
Investment Trust 123/8
Port Canning 111 10/8
P. Construction (Ord) 214 13/8
Shivrajpur 60
Tata Chemical (Ord) 21/4 21/6 21/4 21/8 21/6
Tata Chemical (Pref) 128
Tata Oil 77/8 77
Western India Match 310
Birar Mfg. 320
Bharuch Electric 12/12
Neptune 11

LONDON EXCHANGES
LONDON, Nov. 27

T. T. London on:—
New York sellers 4.02-1/2 buyers 4.03-1/2 Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47 Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4 Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

LONDON WHEAT
LONDON, Nov. 27.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new crop) 41 Nov/Dec quoted
Wheat Australian (bulk) 45 Nov/Dec quoted
Wheat Australian (bags) 48 Nov/Dec quoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
LONDON, Nov. 27.

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p c	72-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 p c	81-11/16
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	105-5/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	104-1/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	113-9/16
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A & China	11-1/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	85
National Bank of India	42-3/4

WALL STREET MARKET
NEW YORK, Nov. 27.

U. S. Steel 57 Bethelehem Steel 61-1/2 N. Y. Central R R Com. 18-3/8 N. Y. Central 5 p c 2012 80 N. Y. Chicago St. Louis Pfd. 90-3/4 Chesapeak & Ohio R. R. 48 Chase National Bank 42-1/4 Nat. City Bank of N. Y. 41-3/4 General Motors 61-1/4 General Electric 39-1/4 Sun Life Assurance 280 Texas Corp. 47-3/4 Sinclair Oil 13-1/8 Socony Vacuum 13-1/8 Anaconda Copper 27-3/4 Kennecott Copper 35-1/8 Int. Nickel 27-7/8 Amer. Tel. & Tel. 164-1/4 Western Union Tel 42-1/8 Consolidated Editon 24 24-3/8 Australia 5 p c 1955 100 Montgomery Ward 52-1/2 Western Union 'A' 42-1/4.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET.
MADRAS, Nov. 28.

Following are the closing quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:—

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 37, India Sugar 32/8/0, Jeypore 17/8, Mysore Sugar 63, South India 16/2.

PLANTINGS: Cochin-Malabar 17/7 Chembra Peaks 11/2, Fringfords 15/14, High Produce 35, Kaalpettas 44, Kalasa 15/2, Melilthanam 14/4, Ouchtelony 12/14, Pillangode 32/6 Thirumbadi 4/75, Valkundam 22/6, Vellamlal 30, Vellilam 31/8.

TEXTILES: B. and C. Ordy. 317/8, Cambodia 32/12, Dhanalaxmi 395 Janadharna 152, Kalaswarar 724, Kothari Tex 32, Mettur 231/8, Vasantha 303/9.

MISCELLANEOUS: And Cement 120, Hind Trust 20 Ind. Stm. Roll 8/3, Mysore Chem. and Fert 31/10 Mettur Chem. 17/14, Do. Defd. 7/7, Singareni 25, Spencer 14/4.—A. P.

CALICUT QUOTATIONS
CALICUT, Nov. 28.

Cocoanuts Raw 72/8 Dry 80 Cocoanut Oil 340 Copra Office 220 Dilpasand 227/8 Madrasnoptam 230 Goodgooda 235 Pepper Wynaad 310 Country 300 Dryginger Chernad 170 Ernad 160

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 24-11-1944 were as under:—

Nnumber of Cheques: 1,42,266
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 47,39,44,-

107-1-2

BANGASRI COTTON MILLS LTD.

Chairman Reviews Progress At Annual General Meeting

At the eleventh ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Bangasri Cotton Mills Ltd., held on Wednesday, the 15th November last, Mr. D. N. Chaudhuri, Chairman of the Board of Directors, addressing the gathering said:

Gentlemen,

The audited balance sheet for the year ending with the 31st December, 1943, and the Directors' Report on the working of the Company, have already been circulated to you, and I trust you will appreciate that in spite of the various adverse circumstances the working results have generally been satisfactory.

Mr. D. N. CHAUDHURI

The most important fact to note is that in the year 1943 Bengal witnessed the greatest calamity that ever befell this province, and apart from the millions of human lives lost as a direct result of the Great Famine, the moral and material deterioration which came in its trail have caused a tremendous setback to the economic life of the province. The working of your mills during the year 1943 had naturally been greatly influenced by these events and labour conditions became extremely difficult. We had to work hard to keep our employees satisfied by arranging for the supplies of foodstuff at reasonable prices, and I must mention that we had been singularly fortunate in being able to supply our staff various food grains at practically pre-inflation prices, although the market rates were 400 to 500 per cent higher. When the scarcity was acute most of the workers brought their family members from the famine-stricken rural areas and we had to arrange for large additional supplies. It was a strenuous job. But we worked heart and soul to keep our labour staff happy and contented. By the grace of God we have successfully passed through a great ordeal.

I fully realise that the reduction of the dividend from 16 per cent for 1942 to 13 per cent for 1943 has not given you complete satisfaction. But if all the factors are taken into account, viz., the heavy increase in wages, the steady reduction of prices of manufactured goods, the incidence of excess profits tax etc., you will easily realise that such good results have been solely due to the efficient management of the mill and rigorous economy in various directions. During the last two years your Directors had recommended payments of adinterim dividends from the profits of current years, but for obvious reasons they have considered it necessary to discontinue it this year.

In spite of the operations of the above factors the working of your mill has been smooth and continuous. For this I must thank your mill manager Mr. C. Chaudhuri and his staff who worked hard with untinted devotion. The policy of your board of directors has always been to co-operate with the Government for the prevention of profiteering and black marketing and I have always received their active guidance in this noble work.

Lastly, I must mention that the international situation has brightened up with the successive Allied victories in all the fronts, and it will not be too optimistic to expect an early termination of hostilities. Your directors have been in constant touch with the course of events in order to give effect to the various post-war plans of improvement of the mills which are under careful consideration.

Gospel Of Gita

To celebrate the seventh foundation day of the Bnaratiya Vidya Bhavan and the Gita Jayanti a public meeting was held on Sunday in the premises of the Bhavan.

Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia, Vice-President of the Bhavan spoke on the bearing the teaching of the Gita had on present day conditions. Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Aiyar addressing the meeting said their culture was ancient and if their country was to hold its own among the nations of the world it was possible only by preserving their culture. The gospel of the Gita was, he said that everyone should do his duty.

Mr. K. M. Munshi who presided said that India's future greatness must be founded on her past, not in the narrow and revivalist sense, but on the best traditions and ideas of the past, moulded to suit a great nation in its struggle to achieve an honoured place in the international life of to-day.

Our Tadepalligudem correspondent writes to say at Badampudi station when a military train stopped the children flocked there for biscuits and cigarettes and the first line was cleared for down-mail. While the children were engaged in collecting the items thrown by the militarymen the down mail passed the station running over and killing the son of the pointsman of the same station. A soldier narrrowly escaped injuries.

BLUE BAND MARGARINE

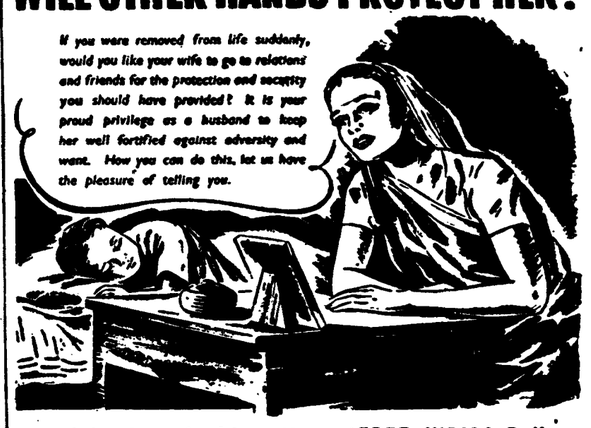
RICH IN VITAMIN

THE BEST—AND SAFEST—SPREAD FOR BREAD AND BISCUITS

DELICIOUS FRESH FLAVOUR
GUARANTEED PURE
UNTOUCHED AND SAFE-WRAPPED

VAN DEN BERGHS (INDIA) LIMITED, BOMBAY

WILL OTHER HANDS PROTECT HER?



If you were removed from life suddenly, would you like your wife to go to relations and friends for the protection and security you should have provided? It is your proud privilege as a husband to keep her well fortified against adversity and want. How you can do this, let us have the pleasure of telling you.

Banish that doubt with a 'FREE INDIA' Policy

The rapid progress made by 'Free India' in the first nine years of its existance is due not only to the organising drive, vigilance and efficiency of its management, but also to the service and solid security it offers its policyholders; service in the shape of easy terms and prompt settlement of claims, etc; security in the shape of surplus of assets over liabilities plus uncalled capital, amounting in all to Rs. 45,00,000.

Claims paid Exceed Rs. 29,00,000
Life Business Completed:
1941 — Rs. 16,11,500;
1942 — Rs. 37,22,900;
1943 — Rs. 45,16,000.

Chairman: SIR PADAMPAT SINGHANIA Kt.
Managing Director: N. K. BHARTIYA, F. C. A.

THE FREE INDIA GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD. CAWNPORE

LIFE-FIRE-MOTOR MARINE-ETC.

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STERLING GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

(Head Office: NEW DELHI)

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	Rs. 50,00,000
ISSUED CAPITAL	Rs. 25,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	Rs. 12,50,000
ASSETS EXCEED	Rs. 20,00,000

We have pleasure in announcing our appointment, as BRANCH MANAGERS for the Life Department for the Bombay Presidency, of the above company.

Applications are invited for chief agencies or appointments as officers. Applicants may interview Mr. K. S. Ramamurthy, M.A., Resident Manager of the above Company for South India and Bombay, at our Office.

MESSRS KAY-ORR BROTHERS,
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CC/11

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BEST FOR DISPENSING
Rs. 2/- per lb. Packet.
Send for Price list of medicine.

Dr. WADHWA & Co.
HOMOEO CHEMIST
Hospital Road, LAHORE.

AMENITIES IN PLANNED INDIA

A dense population which is growing fast, as in India, compels those who plan for welfare to organise areas of concentration. Cities will grow even if industrial centres are separated from them, and wherever large masses of people live in groups, amenities become necessities.

Even cities can, of course, do without bulk water-supplies, gas and electricity... just as we could quite well carry on education without printed books, if we so chose.

But with steel to make the production, storage and distributing equipment for gas, electricity and water a matter of organisation, the planning of units in which population is concentrated becomes truly progressive. Cities, towns and industrial centres will relieve the pressure on the land; but they need all the aids to better living which are so easily developed through the use of steel.

TRUST IN STEEL

TATA SCOB

Issued by The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. & The Steel Corporation of Bengal Ltd.

CHARLIE CHAN Character Created by Earl Derr Biggers BLAZING THE TRAIL By ALFRED ANDRIOLA

WHAT YOU SAY SOUNDS REASONABLE, CHAN!
VERY EVIDENT THAT MOST DANGEROUS ENEMIES REMAIN WITHIN UNITED STATES!
YOU'RE RIGHT, CHARLIE! SOME ONE DIRECTED THE ATLANTIS FROM WITHIN - BY RADIO! SOME TRAITOR!
NOT "TRAITOR" - SECRET ENEMY! TO FIND SPIDER, MUST STUDY WEB! THIS IS NEW BUSINESS!
RADIO'S MY BUSINESS, CHARLIE! WHY CAN'T I HELP TO SMASH THE FOREIGN SPY NETWORK!
GO ALONG, LAD! THE ASSIGNMENT SEEMS MADE TO ORDER FOR YOU!
YOUR WORK HERE ON THE DAM IS DONE, CHAN! THE REST IS UP TO THE ENGINEERS!
DUTY CALLS ELSEWHERE! HONORABLE MEN MUST BE READY TO SERVE!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a decent educated Gowd-saraswat Brahmin age below 35—to marry a working girl of the same caste. Apply with photo—(confidential)—to Box No. 6625, "Bombay Chronicle".

For Friendship Matrimony, Trade, Hobbies, both sexes join "Friends" 26, Ramghat, Benares. (6660)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a salesman, knowledge of Mill Gin Stores Supplying is essential. Apply stating minimum salary. Box No. 6668, "Bombay Chronicle".

Required an experienced butler for Palace. Only those who have worked in a State or a first-class hotel need apply stating age, experience and pay acceptable with references to the Private Secretary, Palanpur (North Gujerat.) 996

Wanted:—Immediately fully qualified nurses as staff nurses at Sir Takhtasinhji Hospital, Bhavnagar. Pay Rs. 50-2-60 plus Rs. 19 as dearness allowance per month and plus Rs. 30 as uniform allowance per year with All Found. Boarding, Lodging, Laundry and light free, Service is pensionable. Applications should be submitted to the Under-Signed stating age, nationality, qualifications, training, experience and education before 15th December 1944. Chief Medical Officer, Bhavnagar State, Bhavnagar, (Kathiawar). 1166

Capable young men may see the Secretary, The Metropolitan Insurance Co. Ltd., on tour at its Branch Office at 371, Hornby Road, Bombay to-day for prospective salaried berths for organising Bombay City and Suburbs. 6676

Wanted typists, travelling salesmen, Office Managers, Accountants, clerks, menial servants, packers—Bring applications personally Onward Trading Co., opp. Gokuldas Hospital, Third Floor, Bombay. 6682

Wanted an experienced Gujarati graduate or undergraduate S. T. C. or T. D. for Bombay school. Apply with testimonials. Box No. 600A "Bombay Chronicle

SITUATION WANTED

Double graduate expert coach for all examinations. Mathematics, Sanskrit specialities. Engagements limited. Apply Box No. 6684, "Bombay Chronicle".

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Earn Rs. Six daily. Buy Easy Cotton Calculation Book at Rs 4 Fulgalfwala, Ahmed Bldg. Golpitha, Bombay. 6683

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer Auditor, Insurance Officer by post. D. Com. Courses American Correspondence College, (B.C.), Delhi. 6632A

Become Homoeopathic Biochemic Doctors by Home Study. Prospectus from:—Institute, Pannaganj Aligarh. 6673

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Wanted Typewriters Standard or Portable, consult Bhatia & Co., (Typewriter Dealers and Repairers) 236 Kalbadevi Road, Tel. 27792. 6618

OFFICE PREMISES WANTED

Wanted urgently office accommodation, three rooms in the Fort area, preferably around Sir. Phirozesha Mehta Road. Write Box No. 1131. "Bombay Chronicle."

FINANCIAL ADLET

Rubber & Tea Plantations Company in South India will accept fixed deposits. Interest at 3 1/8 per cent. per year. Enquiries to Poonnen, Colerie Estates, Meppadi, Wynaad. 6681

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

For sale four buildings at Dadar Main Road & Dadar Cross Road bearing F. Ward No. 522 (5 to 5D) Street Nos. 112 2-4-6 & 8. 1582 Sq. Yards freehold. Offers invited. No Brokers. Apply Box. No. 6652, "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

"Kiwi Boot Polish" preserves, protects and polishes. Ample stocks distributed. Buy your immediate requirements only and allow others to buy. Nine annas large tin. Beware of spurious imitations. (1094)

Pure Honey: In nutritive value— Unexcelled—Limited stocks Available in 48/50 lbs. Tin. Lots f. o. r. Bombay. Apply to Box No. 6506. "Bombay Chronicle".

Textile Machinery Parts Spindles, Fluted rollers, new, any type, available, ready stock. Write Box No. 6624 "Bombay Chronicle".

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD
(DIV. III.)

Office of The Chief Director of Purchase, New Delhi

TENDER NO. Q/525

(1) The Chief Director of Purchase Food Department (Div. III.), New Delhi will receive upto 15-1-1945 tenders for supplies of edible groundnuts from Madras Province Central Provinces and Berar, Hyderabad State (Deccan) and the Kathiawar States only as follows:—

Quantity:—4,000 tons Groundnuts Roasted (with shells), and 1,200 tons Groundnuts unroasted (without shells).

(2) Tender forms can be had on payment of tender fee of Rs. 10 (Rupees ten only) per set from the Chief Director of Purchase, Food Department, New Delhi, or from the Controller of Supplies, Strand House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay and Controller of Supplies, United India Life Assurance Building, Esplanade, Madras.

(3) Tenderers who are not already on the list of approved contractors in the Food Department for groundnuts must state in their application for tender forms, the name or names of their Bankers.

(4) Applications for tender forms will be received upto 11-12-1944. 1171

PUBLIC NOTICES

EMPLOYMENT OF TECHNICAL PERSONNEL
CONTROL OF ADVERTISEMENTS BY EMPLOYERS

Scheme for the control of advertisements for technical personnel in newspapers and periodicals and of making of offers of employment to technical personnel who respond to advertisements.

Being attracted by higher emoluments, technical personnel employed on war work often apply for vacancies advertised in newspapers and periodicals. If, after selection, the Tribunal refuses permission to leave employment, they either malinger or abscond and war work suffers. It has, therefore, become necessary to control the issue of advertisements for technical personnel.

The control will not apply to advertisements issued by the Federal Public Service Commission and the Provincial Public Service Commissions. It will also not apply to advertisements for trainees. In the first instance the control will apply only to the categories of technical personnel mentioned in the order below.

The control will, however, apply not only to advertisements published by private industrial undertakings but also to those issued by Departments of the Provincial as well as the Central Government.

Applications for permission to issue advertisements will be made in the form prescribed below and the Tribunal will communicate its decision within 48 hours of the receipt of applications. The tribunal may suggest variations in the terms and conditions of service offered and will, 'inter alia', take the following factors into consideration:—

(1) whether the technical personnel can be secured without the proposed advertisement, for example, from men on the registers of the Employment Exchanges at Bombay and Ahmedabad;

(2) whether the technical personnel required are needed by other undertakings for work of greater national importance;

(3) whether the terms offered are likely to upset the labour employed in other industries.

If permission to advertise is granted and candidates selected are employed in any industrial undertakings, training establishments or Offices or Departments under the Crown, the employers will forward their applications to the Tribunal for its approval before offering them employment.

TEXT OF THE ORDER

In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (a) and (b) of rule 12C of the National Service (Technical Personnel) Rules, 1940, we do hereby order:—

(i) that no advertisement for technical personnel of the clauses specified in Appendix I shall be issued or published by any industrial undertaking in any newspaper or periodical except through or with the general or special approval of the Manager, Employment Exchange, Bombay.

(ii) that an industrial undertaking shall not offer employment to technical personnel of the classes specified in Appendix I, if they are selected for employment in consequence of an advertisement issued with the approval mentioned in paragraph (1) above, and if the selected candidates are employed in any industrial undertaking, training establishments or offices or departments under the Crown, without first obtaining the approval of the Chairman of the Tribunal.

2. Industrial undertakings wishing to advertise for technical personnel of the specified classes should send an application in the form given in Appendix II, along with a copy of the Draft advertisement for the scrutiny and approval of the Tribunal before publication.

3. The penalty for breach of this order is fine which may extend to Rs. 1,000/-

4. This order shall have effect from 1st December, 1944.

Date, 14-11-44 D. R. PRADHAN, I.C.S.,
Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal,
Fort, Bombay.

APPENDIX I.

This order shall apply to the categories of technical personnel enumerated below (including Workshop Foremen and Assistant Foremen, Chargehands and Chargemen and Supervisors and skilled and semi-skilled operatives):—

(1) Aircraft Mechanics, (2) Blacksmiths, Angle Smiths, Spring Makers, Heavy Forge Smiths, Drop Stampers, (3) Boiler Makers, Platers, (4) Carpenters, Joiners, (5) Chemical Assistants (Analysts), (6) Coppersmiths, (7) Die Sinkers, (8) Draughtsmen (Mechanical and Jig and Tool), (9) Electricians, (10) Fitters including engine fitters, ship fitters, mechanics, etc., (11) Instrument Mechanics, (12) Machinists, drillers, shapers, millers, planers, polishers and grinders, (13) Millwrights, (14) Moulders, (15) Plumbers, (16) Riveters, (17) Tinsmiths, (18) Tool Hardeners, (19) Tool Makers, (20) Turners, (21) Welders (Acetylene and Electric).

APPENDIX II.

Form of application from industrial undertakings for permission to advertise for technical personnel.

The application should be made to the Manager, Employment Exchange, Bombay enclosing with it a draft of the advertisement.

1. Name of industrial undertaking.
2. Address of Industrial undertaking. Telephone No. Telegraphic address.
3. Trades in which technical personnel are required.
4. Qualifications (educational and technical) and degree of skill required of the technical personnel.
5. Number of technical personnel required.
6. Period of employment.
7. Situation of work and nearest Railway Station.
8. Name or designation of person to whom the technical personnel should report.
9. Precise nature of work on which the personnel will be employed.
10. Rate of pay and hours of work.
11. Allowances and concessions:—
    (i) Dearness allowance.
    (ii) Overtime worked and rates for overtime work.
    (iii) Extent and nature of leave admissible.
    (iv) Facilities regarding housing.
    (v) Facilities regarding supply of foodstuffs.
    (vi) Provident fund and other facilities.
12. Names of newspapers and periodicals in which advertisement is proposed to be published and their place of publication.
13. Number of insertions in each paper.

1010

PUBLIC NOTICE

In connection with the Mahim Fair the public are hereby informed that a portion of Cadell Road from its junction with Lady Jamshedji Road to its junction with Pedhi Road will be closed to all vehicular traffic from midnight of the 29th November 1944 to 6-0 a.m. on the 10th December 1944.

This order is made under the provisions of Section 23(4) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 16th November 1944.
(1163)

JUNAGADH STATE, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

WANTED:—An Agricultural Graduate expert in the line of work of Bunding and an experienced in the line of Agricultural Research work for a period of 5 years in the first instance. Candidates should please apply to the undersigned stating qualification, experience, age, caste, terms of service and salary expected. Testimonials in original should accompany the application (this will be returned after done with). Applications should reach on or before the 10th December 1944.

(Sd.) A. K. B. CAZI,
Director of Agriculture,
Junagadh State.
1175

PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER

1. Sealed tenders are invited for supply to the Government of Orissa during the year 1945-46 of (1) Drawing materials, (2) Miscellaneous stationery articles, (3) Writing inks, (4) Typewriting materials, (6) Rubber stamps and brass seals, etc., (7) Press and Binding materials and (8) Miscellaneous articles for Press and Forms stores.

2. Articles of Indian make will be given preference in making purchase. Tenderers are requested to note against each item of articles they tender for whether it is of Indian or foreign manufacture.

3. The tenderers should quote a firm rate for the whole year and deposit earnest money amounting to five per cent of their tender value subject to a minimum of Rs. 5 for each schedule with the exception of Schedule VI—Rubber stamps and brass seals, etc., for which a fixed sum of Rs. 20 for earnest money and Rs. 40 for security deposit is required. Details of articles and tender forms can be had on application from the office of the undersigned on payment of Re. 1 each per schedule.

4. For schedules I to IV, VII and VIII the rates quoted should be F. O. R., Cuttack, B. -N. Railway and for VI free delivery at all parts of the Province.

5. Samples should reach the office of the undersigned by the 20th January 1945. They should be properly labelled or marked with the item number of the schedule to which they relate. Samples of different schedules should not be sent together, but packed separately for each schedule. Three copies of lists of samples clearly typewritten or printed and free from erasers or corrections, duly signed by the tenderer should be submitted—one copy with the Railway receipt, another with the tender and the third one in the cover or package containing samples. No tender will be considered unless accompanied with samples. The tenderers are requested to mention in their tender clearly whether their samples, if found unsuitable and not approved, will be returned to them at their own cost, and if so, the correct postal address or Railway Station whichever they like, should also be stated, otherwise no further claim for their unapproved samples will be entertained.

6. The tenderers must sign the tender form on page 2 and the Conditions of Contract on page 4, otherwise their tenders are liable to be rejected.

7. Tenders will be received up to 12 noon of the 20th January 1945 and will be opened publicly at 2 P.M. on the 20th January 1945. Government reserve the right to reject all or any of the tenders without assigning any reason therefor.

S. H. KHAN,
Superintendent,
Orissa Government Press.
Cuttack
The 23rd November 1944.
(1169)

FOR SALE

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY offers for sale certain trucks with load and van bodies which can be seen at G. T. S. Depot, Colaba, by arrangement with this office.

Offers in writing should be made to the undersigned before noon on Wednesday 13th December 1944. Government reserves to itself the right, to refuse the highest or any offer.

K. G. HAMNETT,
Director,
Govt. Transport Service.
G. T. S. Office,
Svadeshi Mills Estate,
Queen's Road, Bombay 4. 1127

NOTICE.

WANTED for large R.C.C. Construction work in Bihar qualified and experienced Civil Engineers and Overseers for active field work. Candidates should hold a degree in Civil Engineering of a recognised University or the C. E. Diploma of Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee. Applications from candidates with first class qualifications but limited experience will also be considered. Permanent employment. Salary according to qualifications and experience. Apply with certificates and testimonials and stating salary expected to Box No. 818, "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE

WANTED IMMEDIATELY one fast typist in the office of the Dy. Commissioner of Police Special Branch 11, Bombay, on Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs. 18 per month.

Intending applicants should personally call at the Head Police Office at 11-0 a.m. on the 1st December, 1944.

E. J. JENNER,
Dy. Commissioner of Police, S.B. II
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 28th November, 1944.
1176

THE MODEL MILLS NAGPUR LTD.

LOST, MISLAID OR DESTROYED Five share certificates Nos. 37085/89 in respect of five shares of the Model Mills Nagpur Ltd., in the name of Vishwanathappa Mahalingappa Girwalker (deceased) have been lost, mislaid or destroyed. All claims in respect of these five shares should be notified within one month to the Registered Office of the Company, Ilaco House, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay; otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued to the heirs of the abovenamed deceased shareholder.

D. J. REGISTRAR,
Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE KESAR SUGAR WORKS LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ELEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Kesar Sugar Works Limited, will be held on FRIDAY the 22nd day of December, 1944 at 3-15 p.m. (S. T.), at the Registered Office of the Company, 45-47, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st July, 1944.
2. To sanction the payment of Dividend to Preference Shareholders.
3. To elect Directors in place of Mr. Chhotalal Kilachand and Mr. Ambalal Kilachand who retire by rotation, but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 8th day of December, 1944 to the 29th day of December, 1944, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
KILACHAND DEVCHAND & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 24th November, 1944.

N.B. Preference Share Dividend when declared will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after the 15th day of January 1945. Preference Share Dividend Warrants will be posted to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 8th day of December, 1944.

SHAREHOLDERS ARE REQUESTED TO KINDLY NOTIFY ANY CHANGE OF ADDRESS. 1164

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Monitor Translator in German in the Monitoring Section, Simla on a salary of Rs 200 p.m. in the scale of Rs. 200-10-300-20-400 with the following allowances:—(a) If married approximately Rs. 66 p.m. in Summer and Rs. 74 p.m. in Winter (b) if single Rs. 45 p.m. in Summer and Rs. 56 p.m. in Winter. Candidates must have a sound knowledge of both English and German language as well as of current world affairs. Good typing speed will be an additional qualification. Candidates must be prepared to come to Simla at their own expense for interview and tests which may last for three days. Successful candidates will be required to work either by day or night. Applications stating full details of educational qualifications, previous experience, etc., together with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, should reach the Under-Secretary, Department of Information and Broadcasting, Railway Board Building, Simla on or before the 18th December, 1944. 1170

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

The Controller of Stores invites tenders for Reconditioning of Scrap Lead Battery with dust. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 20-12-1944 at 3 P.M. (N.S.T.). (1165)

NOTICE

VACANCIES exist for posts of Assistant Supervisors for work with Civilian Labourers. Salary Rs. 60-5-75 with free food, clothing, living accommodation and medical attention. Must be prepared to go anywhere in India though the work will be primarily in Bombay Presidency.

Terms of Service—one year or the duration of the War, whichever is the earlier.

Only those experienced in handling labour and with a knowledge of English and local dialects need apply.

Candidates should report personally (between 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.) with applications and testimonials in original to

The Depot Superintendent,
Labour Supply Depot, Wagle Wadi,
Near mile 21-1 Bombay-Agra Road, near THANA.
23rd November 1944. (1121)

LEGAL NOTICES

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS

FOR SALE

A freehold piece of land comprising 1,585 square yards at Shaik Memon Street, next to East India Cotton Association with five residential buildings, containing shops, godowns etc., fetching good rent with further chance of increase after the War.

Plans and particulars can be seen at our Solicitors, Messrs Payne & Co. at 54, Esplanade Road, above Mercantile Bank of India Ltd., Fort, Bombay, or from the undersigned directly. Offers should reach with deposit by 8th December, 1944 latest.

Brokerage at 2% will be paid to any broker through whom a contract for sale is made, such brokerage will be paid only on completion of sale and not otherwise whatever be the cause of non-completion.

SETH NARSIDAS JEKISONDAS,
No. 9, Elphinstone Road,
Matheran, (G.I.P.)
Telephone No. 34. 1137

AUCTION SALES

SALE ON SUNDAY THE 3RD DECEMBER, 1944 at 11-30 A.M. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE AUCTIONEERS:

Of gold ornaments, jewellery and furniture by order of the Executors of a deceased Parsee Gentleman comprising; gold rings set with emerald, diamond, ruby, opal, cats-eye, etc., gold watch chains, gold collar and shirt buttons, silver and gold pocket and wrist watches, address casket also a few articles of household furniture Almyrahs, wash-hand tables, meat safe, tables, steel cash box and one meter showing revolution per minute, salino meter, etc.

On view on the 30th instant and 1st December, from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. and on the 2nd December from 11 a.m. to 2-30 p.m.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
123, Medows St., Bombay.

ON ASHWIN SUDHYA POURNIMA

"Wednesday 29th November 1944, the undersigned will supply a wonderful jungle root Asthma medicine to poor and rich free of charge which cures Asthma and there is no other medicine compared with this."

Mustanjee Swamy Parambansa,
Udasin Ashram,
Khak Chowk Mahalaxmi,
Bombay.

Dated 28-11-44.

ARJUNARCH
ASCU TREATED ROOF TRUSSES
CENTURY WOOD INDUSTRIES
Yeswantpur, — Bangalore.

A COMPLETELY SATISFYING CIGARETTE!

CARAVAN

IT'S Air-Conditioned!

Fully matured, carefully blended tobaccos—that's what Nationals give you in Caravan Cigarettes. But what really makes Caravan a completely satisfying smoke is the air-conditioning. This keeps the Cigarette extra fresh and clean . . . helps retain the flavour and strength.

2½ ANNAS FOR TEN

THE IMPREGNABLE SHELTER

In a total war civilian life can be as much exposed to injury or loss from enemy action as the forces in the front line.

While the combined efforts of the Government and the public can minimise the possibility of damage to life and property, only a Life Insurance policy can provide the afflicted families with the necessary financial protection.

Our Agent will be glad to call and explain to you the unique advantages this Company offers to its policy-holders.

RUBY GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

TRANSACT BUSINESS COVERING LIFE, FIRE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT RISKS.

Chairman: B. M. BIRLA, Esqr.

Head Office: 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.

Divisional Office: Imperial Bank Annexe Building, Fort, Bombay.
Ahmedabad Office:- Karanj Bhadra.
Surat Office: Kanpith.
Baroda Office: Diwali Bhuvan, Raopura.
Rajkot Office: Civil Station.
Wardha Office: Gandhi Chowk.

WHY PILICON MUST END YOUR PILES

QUICK RELIEF—"I am glad to say that relief was felt by using your 'Pilicon'". A. N. B., Delhi.

REPEAT ORDER—"I find 'Pilicon' efficacious.....Send me immediately one tube of the Ointment". R. B. K., Ratnagiri.

QUITE A MIRACLE—"My wife has been fully cured by your 'Pilicon'. This ointment is a miracle for Piles". A. H., Karachi.

Because it is the one pile ointment that penetrates the swollen tissues. "Pilicon" contains, among other things, 27% Adeps Lanae Anhyd. which has a peculiar affinity to the natural fat of the skin and is therefore readily absorbed by the tissues. For quick and lasting results "Pilicon" takes a lot of beating.

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